FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Fort Almanac—Sept. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| Sun Rises | 5.43 A M |
| Sun Sets | 6.08 P M |
| Day's Length | 12 h 28 m |
| High Water at Southport | 10.18 P M |
| High Water at Wilmington | 11.58 P M |

**The Weather.**

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 15.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 73°; 8 p. m., 81°; maximum, 94°; minimum, 68°; mean, 83°.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, .32.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m. September 14, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

A decided high barometer area covers the lower Lakes and the New England States, with cooler temperature noted over those sections. The barometer continues high over the Southeast, with fair weather prevailing over all sections east of the Mississippi valley, and high, excessive temperatures over the central and southern portions of the country. The Northwest storm is moving slowly eastward, causing cloudiness generally from Kansas northeast. Showers have fallen over the far West and along the Gulf coast.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Showers fell over all the districts of the cotton belt, except the eastern portion, where fair, warm weather has continued. Heavy rainfalls occurred as follows: Abilene, Texas, 1.08; Dublin, Texas, 2.44; Temple, Texas, 2.34; Sherman, Texas, 1.50 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina—Partly cloudy weather; cooler in the interior; variable winds.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Sept. 14.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 0.9 feet.

## OUTLINES.

Dry weather has damaged crops in the most important corn States; cotton has suffered and its general condition is less favorable than it was last week, especially in the Carolinas, Georgia, Tennessee and Arkansas; heavy rains have caused slight damage in portions of Texas. —— The board of health of Charleston, S. C., has established strict quarantine against New Orleans, Mobile and other fever-infected places. —— Germania brewery, Charleston, S. C., damaged by fire. —— Mobile has another case of yellow fever—a motorman. —— A sick juror caused delay in the Luetgert murder trial. —— Neither the Cuban or Hawaiian questions were mentioned at the Cabinet meeting yesterday; the Union Pacific Railroad matter was discussed. —— The battleship Texas has been sent to the New York navy yard to be docked. ——Four more cases of yellow fever in New Orleans besides a number of suspicious cases; the situation is regarded as serious; several new cases reported at Ocean Springs; fifteen at Biloxi; one at Barclay; a case is reported at Pascagoula; a number of passengers left Biloxi and New Orleans by L. and N. railroad for Atlanta. ——The strike situation in Pennsylvania remains unchanged; operators refuse to compromise with the miners. ——Storm on the Texas coast was not as bad as reported; there was no loss of life at Sabine. —— The Populist committee of Virginia have issued an address advising support of Capt. Cocke for lieutenant governor. ——Senator Wellington resigned the chairmanship of the Maryland Republican committee; he says the party is doomed to defeat in the coming election. —— New York markets: Money on call was firm at 1½@2 per cent., last loan at 2 and closed offered at 1½@2 per cent.; cotton quiet—middling 7⅝c; flour was quiet, dull and fairly steady; wheat—spot steady, No. 2 red $1.03¾; corn—spot quiet; No. 2 85½c at elevator and 86½c afloat; rosin steady—strained common to good $1.45@1.50; spirits turpentine easy at 30@30½c.

Mark Hanna was so red hot in his loyalty that he sent two substitutes to fight the Confederates.

Some of the Northern papers are discussing the Pennsylvania "riot" It was simply a murderous fusillade by the sheriff's deputies and a rout.

Senator Thurston, of Nebraska, says "the U. S. Senate is no place for a poor man." The mischief it isn't. Lots of 'em make their Jack by going there.

Mark Hanna didn't go to the war because his parents wouldn't let him, but he got even with them and the "rebs" by hiring two substitutes, and going into the merchandising business himself.

It is said that the President is seriously thinking of abolishing the office of Railway Commissioner, which Gen. Longstreet wants. If he does, he will probably give Longstreet one of the "equally goods."

The Louisville *Courier Journal*, gold Democrat, editorially remarks, "There are Democrats in Ohio." Well, judging from the vote that Wm. J. Bryan got last November, we should conclude that there are.

If those bones found in Luetgert's vat were human bones and in the sworn opinion of experts the bones of a woman, and they are not the bones of Luetgert's missing wife, then the question arises, what other woman did he boil?

A New York iron moulder, a poor man, has refused a fortune of $35,000 waiting for him in Ireland, which the courts have decided is his. He says he will not touch it, but will probably change his mind when he has thought over it a few times.


# THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LX.—NO. 152. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,384


## IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Twelve Months | $5.00 |
| Six " | 2.50 |
| Three " | 1.25 |
| Two " | 1.00 |
| One " | 50 |

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

The American hen is a rattler. She goes in and attends to business, and takes care of her family regardless of the times. There are 350,000,000 of her. She lays 13,750,000,000 eggs, which would make an omelette 543,218 miles long, which would weigh 853,125 tons. Yet she isn't putting on any style or doing any crowing over her achievements. She lets the fellows who don't do the laying put on the style, and do all the strutting and crowing. It is a good deal that way in the human family sometimes.

An Indiana farmer was in such a hurry to get a divorce that he wrote the Judge and as an inducement offered him $30 to hurry it up. The Judge not taking the same business view of it summoned him before the court, fined him for contempt, and now the prosecuting attorney talks of taking a whack at him for attempted bribery. And on top of all this he doesn't stand any show for divorce, as the Judge had his case wiped from the calendar.

A negro in Alabama has just got through being tried for a murder with which he was charged six years ago. He went through the justice mill five times, first time convicted and sentenced to death, second to life imprisonment, third to fifty years, fourth time to ten years, and the fifth time acquitted. He got justice in big and broken doses, but was probably satisfied at last.

A Western Republican organ rises to remark that "according to the Popocrats Mark Hanna is the most remarkable man that the nineteenth century has produced." In some respects he is. There never was but one Mark, and it is to be hoped that there will not be any more of him.

It is said that there are forty heirs to that $380,000,000 estate, of whom Mr. Nicewonger, of Winston, is one. This would be 9½ millions each, which would be a very nice thing. But we still persist in the advice to Mr. Nicewonger to comp on the $80,000 in bank, if he can.

The Louisville *Dispatch*, noticing the fact that a prominent citizen of Kentucky had twice fallen down the same stairs in the same hotel and twice broken the same leg, sagely suggests that it is about time he changed hotels or his way of coming down stairs.


NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PALACE BAKERY—Removed.
S. W. SANDERS—Red-hot times.
KING GROCERY CO.—A good drink.


NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

L. TATE BOWDEN—10 cents reward

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

**Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.**

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—838 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 18 bbls rosin, 8 bbls tar, 10 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—2,989 bales cotton, 27 casks spirits turpentine, 58 bbls rosin.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—189 bales cotton, 28 casks spirits turpentine, 65 bbls rosin, 6 bbls tar.

Schooner William—19 bales cotton, 39 casks spirits turpentine, 175 bbls rosin, 8 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 3,523 bales, spirits turpentine, 80 casks; rosin, 311 bbls; tar, 9 bbls; crude turpentine, 18 bbls.

**Disorder on Seventh Street.**

Residents on Seventh street complain of the noise made nightly by gangs of colored men and boys, at all hours from dusk till after midnight. This is annoying at all times, but especially so when sick people are disturbed or well people want to sleep. Complaint was made some time ago and there was a cessation for awhile, but it didn't last long. Policemen are rarely seen on that street, which may account for the frequency with which these noisy gangs are seen and heard.

**One Cent a Word.**

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cent

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculte the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance

**Sudden Death at Folkstone.**

Mr. Uzzah Jenkins, a well known citizen of Folkstone, died suddenly Monday night. He was about 55 years of age. Heart failure was the cause of death.

## LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The Cape Fear Academy will open its school session this morning.

— The colored excursion from Greensboro left last night at 8 o'clock.

— The next attraction at the Opera House will be Bancroft, the Magician, next Monday evening.

— The regular monthly inspection of the Wilmington Light Infantry will take place to night at 8 15 o'clock.

— All the pleasures of a boating party will be enjoyed by a party of young folks to-morrow night on the Cape Fear.

— The receipts of cotton here yesterday were 3,523 bales, against 1,569 bales on the corresponding day of last year.

— Mr. G. W. Bornemann tried two cases yesterday afternoon—one for disorderly conduct and one for assault and battery.

— The excursion from Marion and Bennettsville will arrive at 11.45 to-day and be taken through to Wrightsville beach.

— Trolley parties to Hilton are now getting to be "the proper thing," and, by the way, one takes place to-morrow night.

— To-night the Second Regiment Band will hold its regular weekly rehearsal and a large attendance of its members is desired.

— Mr. John F. Garrell is having a handsome new iron fence erected in front of his residence on northeast corner Third and Walnut streets.

— The *News and Observer* says that Jim Young insists that the Wilmington and Newbern collectorships and the Raleigh postoffice must go to negroes.

— Mr. B. F. Penny is having extensive repairs and alterations made in his clothing store on Market street. He is getting ready for the good times that are coming.

— Mr. Chas. H. Armitage, representing the ever popular Al. G. Field's Minstrels, is in the city preparing for the coming of the "merry minstrels" on the evening of the 27th inst.

—The Clyde steamship *Benefactor*, Captain Hale, arrived yesterday in place of the *Pawnee*, which is up for repairs The *Benefactor* is well known at this port, having run here regularly several years ago.

— There will be a game of base ball at Hilton Friday afternoon between the "Old Maids" and "New Women," composed of the best base ball talent in the city. Gwaltney and Taylor, of the Coast Line team, will be in the game.

— Mr. W. A. White, a professor in the Asylum of the Deaf, Dumb and Blind at Raleigh, was here yesterday collecting patients to take back with him. Among them was Nellie Morris, a twelve-year old little girl from Vineland.

— Two of the happenings of yesterday were rather ludicrous. Early in the morning a horse attached to a country cart ran away, much to the discomfiture of the owner, who was absent at the time. Later, Front street, between Market and Princess, was nearly flooded with tar, which, without permission, broke loose from a barrel on a moving dray.

**The Postoffice Landscape Gardener.**

The average person passing the postoffice square will drink in the beauty of the beautiful grass plots without giving a thought as to how they are kept green and fresh, but this fact does not prevent a great deal of praise from justly belonging to Mr. Callihan, the faithful gardener, whose constant use of the water sprinkler and lawn-mower keeps the grass in good condition. In addition to his regular care over the postoffice lawn he is now planting several rows of violets, which will greatly beautify the premises.

**Marriage at the Victor House.**

The parlor of the Victor House, 411 North Front street, was the scene of a quiet home wedding last evening at 8 o'clock. The contracting parties were Mr. Heinrich Hauser, a successful business man of this city, and Miss Rosina Wolffsetter, of New York, and the solemn and impressive ceremony was performed in the presence of a few invited guests by Justice W. McEvans. The many friends of the newly married couple wish them much happiness.

**Death of Emma Gold, Infant Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Pulliam.**

Mr. W. G. Pulliam, freight claim agent of the Atlantic Coast Line, received the sad news yesterday that his infant daughter, Emma Gold, had died at 10.45 a. m. at Brinkley, where Mrs. Pulliam and family are spending sometime with her father, Mr. D. S. Cowan.

Mr. Pulliam went up to Brinkley at 3.30 p. m. yesterday. The remains will be brought here for interment this afternoon.

**Two More Cotton Steamers.**

Two more cotton steamers arrived in port yesterday. The British steamship *Atlantic*, registering 2,477 tons, Capt. Inwood, sailed from Delagoa Bay forty-one days ago, and is consigned to Messrs. Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Capt. J. H. Sloan is consignee of the British steamship *Vera*, 1,854 tons, Capt. Nicholson, which arrived yesterday from Cardiff, having been seventeen days on passage.

**Cow Broke Her Neck Trying to Get Water.**

The drought is such in the country precincts that man and beast are almost suffering for the want of water. A cow not far from here in trying to reach water in a stream that had about run dry, plunged down a hill and landing on her head and horns, broke her neck.

## CAROLINA CYCLE CLUB

Will Parade To-night—Committees to Meet To-morrow Night—Relay Race Friday Afternoon.

The one absorbing topic with the sports nowadays is the Carolina Cycle Club, which is on a decided boom and is furnishing much pleasure for the amusement-loving public.

To-night the members of the club will go on parade, starting sharply at 8 o'clock from the intersection of Seventh and Market streets, and down Seventh to Castle; down Castle to Third, up Third to Red Cross, up Red Cross to Seventh, and thence to the starting point, from where a run to the second toll house and return will be indulged in. Mr. F. P. Tarrentine will head the procession, bearing aloft the colors of the club—old gold and purple—while Messrs. Julius Taylor and R. B. West, buglers, will be in their usual places Capt. P. Heinsberger, Jr., will be in charge of the parade and run, assisted by first lieutenant Jack Scott; second lieutenant C. H. O'Berry, and sergeant Ed. Warren.

To-morrow night the two committees appointed at the last meeting of the club, one to see about obtaining a race track and club, and the other to revise the by-laws and see about issuing a pamphlet containing a sketch of the club and the city laws governing bicycle riding, will meet in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A. Messrs. I. W. Solomon, C. Schuester, E. W. Cooper, Joe Hinton and C. H. O'Berry compose the first named committee, and Dr. Robt. Strange and Messrs. J. C Smith and M. W. Jacobi the latter.

Friday afternoon two selected teams from the ranks of the club will run a relay race, which promises to be of an exciting nature, as the two teams are about equal in strength and the science of cycling. The course will extend from the corner of Fifth and Market streets to the second toll house and return, a distance of about twelve miles. At the starting point a message will be placed in the hands of each of team to be carried to the second toll house and a message returned.

## SECOND REGIMENT BAND.

Will Give a Reception To-Night at the Y. M. C. A. Complimentary to Mr. Geo. P. Howey.

Saturday Mr. Geo. P. Howey, of this city, will take his departure for Fernandina, Fla., where he will reside in the future. For a long number of years Mr. Howey has been a member of the Second Regiment band; in fact, he is one of the charter members of that popular organization, and his comrades now that he is about to leave them will to-morrow night at the Y. M. C. A. tender him a reception. An elaborate programme of music, etc., participated in by home and foreign talent, has been arranged for the occasion, to say nothing of the refreshing eatables and drinkables that will be served.

Mr. Jas. W. Monroe, the exceedingly popular president of the Band and one of Mr. Howey's most intimate friends, has the management of the affair in charge, which is an assurance of a delightful time; and, by way of parenthesis, Jim is hustling. President Monroe has appointed the following committees to assist him, viz:

Reception Committee—Prof. James E. Wilson, Prof. S. A. Schloss and Mr. W. W. Hodges.

Floor Committee—Prof. Joseph Barnard and Messrs. Will Redher and Julius Taylor.

Of the above committees, President Monroe is chairman *ex officio*.

**Funeral of the Late Mrs. Mary C. Anderson.**

The funeral of the late Mrs. Mary C. Anderson, who died early Monday morning, took place yesterday morning at 10.30 o'clock from St. James' Episcopal church. The solemn services were conducted by the rector, Rev. Dr. Robert Strange, assisted by Rt. Rev. Bishop A. A. Watson. Gathered in the church were many sorrowing friends bespeaking by their presence their deep respect for the memory of the deceased.

The hymns, "Jesus, My Saviour, Look on Me," and "There is a Blessed Home," were rendered by a choir consisting of Mrs. J. H. Watters, Mrs. A. M. Waddell, and Mr. A. S. Holden, with Mr. E. H. Munson as organist.

The honorary pall bearers were Col. John L. Cantwell, Dr. W. W. Harriss and Messrs. E. S. Martin and Jno. H Hardin. Messrs. William Latimer, C. M. Strong, J. H. Watters, T. C. James, George W. Kidder and A. L. DeRosset, were the active pall bearers.

At the conclusion of the services at the church the remains were taken to Oakdale cemetery and laid to rest under a mound strewn with beautiful floral designs.

**Magistrate's Courts.**

Justice Fowler disposed of two cases yesterday:

Alice Sampson, colored, arraigned on a warrant sworn out by Lucy Jane Coleman, charging her with perjury, was adjudged not guilty.

Cherry Hamilton, colored, charged with disorderly conduct, was let off upon payment of costs.

In Justice McGowan's Court judgment was suspended upon payment of costs in separate cases of disorderly conduct against Mary Hays and Alice Acors, both colored.

**Clarendon Yacht Club.**

The dance at the club house of the Clarendon Yacht Club, Wrightsville Beach, to-morrow night promises to be a delightful affair, which will only be in accord with the club's past record. The members of the Carolina Yacht Club have been invited to attend and, together, assisted by many of Wilmington's fair daughters, will spend a most enjoyable time. Dancing to the strains of the merry two-step, the dreamy waltz and the good old country break-down will occupy the greater portion of the evening.

## BASE BALL.

The National League—Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting Features.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Baltimore, 15; Chicago, 8.
Boston, 6; Philadelphia, 4.
Brooklyn, 7; New York, 5.
Washington, 10; Cincinnati, 9.
Cleveland, 8; St. Louis, 1.
Pittsburg, 10; Louisville, 8.
Louisville, 2; Pittsburg, 2.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO DAY.

Pittsburg at Louisville.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

| | Won. | Lost. | Per Cent. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Baltimore | 88 | 38 | .716 |
| Boston | 84 | 35 | .706 |
| New York | 75 | 43 | .641 |
| Cincinnati | 67 | 50 | .573 |
| Cleveland | 60 | 57 | .504 |
| Washington | 55 | 63 | .466 |
| Brooklyn | 54 | 65 | .454 |
| Chicago | 53 | 67 | .442 |
| Pittsburg | 51 | 66 | .433 |
| Philadelphia | 51 | 65 | .433 |
| Louisville | 50 | 71 | .413 |
| St. Louis | 28 | 93 | .233 |

Seymour vs. Dunn was what told in the Brooklyn-New York game played yesterday. The Giants led by one hit but Dunn's twisting of the sphere, notwithstanding, was the best.

Both Baltimore and Chicago batted heavy, made fast plays and did scientific base running yesterday. Pond officiated in the box for the Orioles.

There was nothing the matter with either the Beaneaters or the Phillies' playing yesterday, but then Nichols was in the game.

## OPERA HOUSE.

"Sowing the Wind" Presented Last Night by a Strong Company.

Few plays have been written within the last decade that have attracted as much attention and comment as Sydney Grundy's great society drama "Sowing the Wind," which was presented at the Opera House last night by a strong company, under the direction of Mr. Julius Colm, who should feel proud to have such artists as he has been so successful in procuring.

Mr. Herbert E. Sears, as *Brabazon*, a widower, filled the character so ably written by Mr. Grundy and proved himself in every way to be the master of that part. Mr. W. H. Yumer, as *Watkins*, a bachelor, was always "up to snuff" and took that part to perfection. Miss Elizabeth Holloway, as *Rosamond*, in the title role, sustained her part ably, and as an emotional actress has few superiors, if any.

The company, as a whole, is a strong one in every respect. They left last night at 12 m. on special train for Sumter, S. C.

**Death of Mrs. W. F. Furpless.**

Death seldom deals more ruthlessly than when it removes a mother from a large family of children, as it did yesterday, when Mrs. Henrietta Furpless, wife of Mr. W. F. Furpless, passed away at 10.15 o'clock at the family residence, No. 409 Chesnut street.

Mrs. Furpless had been an invalid for a number of years, but had always borne her sufferings with a degree of fortitude that was most praiseworthy. She was a faithful and consistent member of St. John's Episcopal church, from which the funeral will be conducted at 10 o'clock this morning.

The members of the family surviving the deceased are her husband, Mr. W. F. Furpless, an employe of the Seaboard Air Line, and six children, two boys and four girls.

**Musicale at Mr. H. A. Bagg's Residence.**

The musicale given last night at the residence of Mr. H. A. Bagg, on Sixth street between Chesnut and Princess, for the benefit of the organ fund of Grace M. E. church, was well attended and thoroughly enjoyed. The programme had been carefully prepared for the occasion and consisted of several selections by the Carolina Mandolin Club, a vocal solo by Miss Carrie White, a vocal duet by Miss White and Mrs. Muse, and a solo on the piano by Master Jas. Craft. Each of the numbers delighted the audience, which showed appreciation by hearty applause. During the evening refreshments were served. Miss Bessie Burtt was accompanist.

**Lost Pocket-Book and Money.**

Yesterday afternoon on the 12.05 S. A. L. train Mrs. Annie Bond arrived in the city from Lumberton, and upon stepping from the train was at once harrassed by the usual crowd of boys etc., who hang around the depot soliciting baggage and making themselves a general nuisance. During the confusion Mrs. Bond lost her handkerchief, wrapped up in which was $135 in paper money—twelve $10 and one $5 note.

**A New Parlor Market.**

Messrs. Jno. F. Garrell & Company have secured the use of the store corner of Second and Market streets, recently occupied by the Palace Bakery, and will on or about October 1st open up a parlor market. This is an excellent stand, and Messrs. Garrell & Company will doubtless do a thriving business.

**Onslow Land and Investment Company.**

A meeting of the stockholders of the Onslow Land and Investment Company was held yesterday at noon at the office of John D. Bellamy, Esq., but no business was transacted, owing to the absence of several of the officers and directors. An adjournment was taken till 12 m. next Tuesday.

**Two Sixty-five Hundred Yards in Two Days.**

The convicts are making fine progress in grading the new railroad link. About 2,500 yards have been completed in the two days that they have been at work, and if they keep up this rate of speed the whole distance will be completed in two weeks.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 30 cents. tf

## PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Justice R. H. Bunting is on the sick list.

— Gov. Russell spent yesterday in the city.

— Mr. W. W. Vick left yesterday on a business trip.

— Mr. J. H. Newbury, of Magnolia, was here yesterday.

— Mr. J. A. Westbrook, of Mount Olive, was here yesterday.

— Mr. H. K. McCormic, of Rowland, was here yesterday.

— Mr. B. B. Neal, of Newbern, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Mr. W. C. Galloway came up from Southport yesterday.

— Mrs. H. F. Wilder has gone to Sumter, S. C., to join her husband.

— Editor D. H. Harnly, of Chadbourn, was among yesterday's arrivals.

— Mr. J. A. Crews, Jr., of Oxford, is in the city, the guest of Mr. Jas. W. Monroe.

— Mr. Jas. L. Yopp, of Macon, Ga., now, but formerly of Wilmington, is here for a few days.

— Mr. Peter A. Kelly is in the city in the interest of the J. E. Linde Paper Company, New York city.

— Mr. H. L. Fennell and family have moved up to the city from their Summer home on Wrightsville Sound.

— Mr. Geo. P. Taylor has returned from Sweet Chalybeate Springs, Va., where he has been spending the Summer.

— Mr. R. H. Gwaltney, the popular young base ball catcher of Wake Forest College, will arrive in the city today, and take a position at the A. C. L.

— Capt. J. H. Sloan is consignee of the British steamship *Vera*, 1,854 tons, Capt. Nicholson, which arrived yesterday from Cardiff having been 17 days in passage.

— Mr. Nathan Schloss and wife left yesterday afternoon on a trip North. While away Mr. Schloss will visit Kentucky and he expects to bring back a car load of fine horses.

— Among yesterday's arrivals in the city were R. M. Norment, Lumberton; R. S. Thompson, Hamlet; C. D. Townsend, Lumberton; J. A. Brown, Chadbourn; Thos. McBee, Salisbury.

— Mr. Robt. McCracken, of Whiteville, who has been attending the A. & M. College at Raleigh, passed through the city yesterday on his way home, having had to leave college on account of illness.

— Mr. George R. French returned yesterday after an extensive Summer trip. He has been gone for a couple of months and a part of this time he spent very pleasantly in the White Mountains of New Hampshire.

— Fayetteville *Observer*, *Sept. 15*: Miss Lelia Hart, who has been visiting the Misses Alderman, returned to Wilmington this morning, accompanied by Miss Belle Alderman. Mrs. C. C. Covington, of Wilmington, is visiting Mrs. D. H. Ray, on Rowan street.

— Mr. Charles E. Taylor, Jr., of Wake Forest, arrived yesterday to take a position in the Atlantic National Bank. He is most highly recommended in being the son of Dr. Charles E. Taylor, President of Wake Forest College, and a nephew of Dr. James B. Taylor, so well remembered by our people as having been for several years pastor of the First Baptist Church. The STAR wishes for Mr. Taylor abundant success in the business world.

**The Palace Bakery.**

See notice of removal of the Palace Bakery to the Lessman building, on Second street between Market and Dock. Mr. Farries has had his bakery in this building all along and realizing the advantage of giving his personal attention to the baking department, he has decided to conduct the entire business under the same roof.

The front of the building has been newly painted and the interior repapered in becoming tints. The part of the building to be used as the store is just in front of the bakery, and to the right will be the ice cream parlor, which Mr. Farries will have fitted up with all the necessary conveniences. The upper story will be used as living rooms.

The STAR wishes the Palace Bakery all success in its new quarters.

**Heptasophs in Goldsboro.**

A conclave of Improved Order of Heptasophs has been organized in Goldsboro with the following officers:

A. J. Winslow, Past Archon; Dr. M. E. Robinson, Archon; Frank Evans, Secretary; Rev. Stewart McQueen, Prelate; W. G. Britt, Treasurer; H. B. Parker, Collector and Financier; T. R. Robinson, Inspector; F. W. Hilker, Warden; P. B. Scott, Sentinel; S. B. Giddens, Provost; Dr. M. E. Robinson, Dr. W. H. Cobb, Medical Directors, H. B. Parker, Dr. M. E. Robinson; W. G. Britt, Trustees.

**Seaboard Air Line.**

The Norfolk *Landmark* says:

"As the time for the annual meeting of the Seaboard Air Line draws near the great fight of Thomas F. Ryan to oust the present management and to gain control himself is again to the front, and Judge L. R. Watts, general counsel for the company, has secured from Judge R. R. Prentis, of the City Circuit Court, an injunction restraining Ryan and his associates from voting stock at the annual meeting. The plaintiffs named in the bill are Richard Carson Hoffman, Charles Chauncey, Charles C. Savage, Severn Eare, Everette St. John, William W. Chamberlain, G. Hatten and N. Champe Robinson; the defendants being the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad Company, Thos. F. Ryan, Ralph L. Anderson, L. Cleland Benedict and seventy-five others."

## THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

THE MURDERER PURVIS.

[*Fayetteville Observer, Sept 12*]

An *Observer* reporter visited Purvis, the condemned murderer, in his cell this morning and found him in a weak physical condition. He is undoubtedly a very sick man, though he talks in a clear, steady voice, without any indication that he realizes the awful fate which so soon awaits him. He looks like a man in the last stage of consumption, though his eyes shone brightly through the clouds of smoke which he blew from a cigarette while lying in his hammock talking unconcernedly of his approaching death. When asked if he wished to make a statement through the paper, he said he had nothing to say, except that he did not do the shooting for which he was convicted. He said that his whole time from now until the day of execution would be occupied in preparing himself to meet his Maker, but, that, nevertheless, he hopes for something from the Supreme Court or clemency from the Governor, Rev. Dr. Nash and Rev. Mr. Parker called to see him this morning and offer spiritual consolation. He appeared to take interest in what they said. Purvis' attorneys, who gave notice of an appeal to the Supreme Court, will probably arrive here this week to consult with the prisoner, it is said. Dr. McGougan, the county physician, performed an operation on the prisoner this afternoon, taking from the abscess on his lungs over a pint of pus. It is impossible to tell whether the man will live until the day set for his execution or not.

**Yellow Fever Situation Worse Than Many Think.**

The Charlotte *News* of last Monday says.

Another large crowd of frightened Southerners were aboard No. 36, the Southern's fast mail to Washington, this morning. A *News*, reporter, in conversation with a gentleman from New Orleans, learns that the situation is much worse than the press dispatches would indicate.

This gentleman states that many cases of yellow fever exist, that the health authorities never see nor hear of. There are such rigid quarantine laws in effect that the family of these stricken ones will not report the case for fear that the authorities will make unnecessary trouble for them.

The *News'* informant is a prominent business man of New Orleans, and was en route to New York.

**DIED.**

FURPLESS—Mrs. HENRIETTA, beloved wife of Mr. W. F. Furpless, at 10.15 o'clock yesterday morning at her late residence 409 Chesnut street, aged 36 years, 1 month and 12 days.

Funeral at 10 o'clock this morning from St. John's Church. Friends and acquaintances respectfully invited to attend.

PULLIAM—At 10.45 a. m., Tuesday, September 14th, 1897, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. David S. Cowan, in Columbus county, EMMA GOLD, infant daughter of Mr. William G. and Mrs. Mal J. Pulliam, of this city, aged five months.

Funeral from residence 211 Ann street, at 5 o'clock this (Wednesday) afternoon.


NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Rent.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES.

Apply to
D. O'CONNOR,
Real Estate Agent.
sep 5 tf

Notice.

IN ORDER TO CLOSE OUT MY BUGGY and Harness business I will offer commencing to-day my entire stock consisting of Buggies, Phaetons, Wagons, Road Carts and Harness of every description at cost. Everything must be sold before October 1st.
J. A. MONTGOMERY,
No. 110 North Water street.
sep 7 2w

A Good Drink.

Do you appreciate a good drink? Our
Sovereign Java and Mocha
in one pound cans makes the most delightful cup of Coffee we ever drank. Try a can at 38 cents cash. If we kept books it would be 40 cts.
THE KING GROCERY CO.,
sep 15 tf Fourth Street Bridge.

This Space Reserved
for advertisement of
PALACE BAKERY.
Removed to the Old Lessman Bakery on Second street.
sep 15 tf

Red Hot Times
—AT—
The Unlucky Corner.
Special prices on
Clover Hill Butter
What makes the Butter fly? PRICE.
Pure Crystal Drip Syrup, a fine article.
Something else in a few days.
S. W. Sanders,
Telephone No. 109. sep 15 tf

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS!

J. W. Murchison,
Wholesale and Retail Hardware Dealer.
AGENT FOR
Laflin & Rand Powder,
Howe Scales, Richmond Stoves and
CAPITOLA
THE VERY BEST QUALITY.

THE VERY LATEST DESIGN.
Steel Ranges.
J. W. Murchison,
Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.
au 15 tf

We sell on Commission
D. S. Sides
D. S. Cut Sides,
D. S. Fat Backs,
D. S. Bellies,
D. S. Plates,
Cotton Ties.
Goods shipped on lowest market price at the day.
Vollers & Hashagen,
Wilmington, N. C.,
Nutt Street, A. C. L. Crossing.
au 29 tf

J. H. REHDER & CO.
Brooklyn Department
STORE.
617-619 North Fourth Street.
Everything New.
DRESS GOODS,
An endless variety of New Designs coming in every day.
Silk and Wool Suitings, 25c.
French Serges, 29c.
46-inch Serges, 39c.
Novelties in Dress Patterns at 75, 98c, $1.18 and $1.35 per yard.
Carpets and Rugs,
"See Our Window."
Door Mats, 39c.
Hassocks, 39c.
Brussel Rugs, 65 to 98c.
Mequette Rugs, 85c to $1.15.
Smyrna Rugs, 98c to $2.68.
Carpets, 10 to 60c per yard.
Mattings, 10 to 25c per yard.
CLOTHING.
Men's Suits, $2.50 and upwards.
Men's Pants, 50c and upwards.
Boys' and Children's Suits at Lowest Prices.
Suits Made to Order $12.50 & Upwards.
Car fare paid on all purchases over $3.00.
Bell Phone 118. Inter-State 318.
sep 12 tf

We Have Other Goods
to offer besides
"Clover Hill Butter."
Read our list and find out.
100 Boxes Full Cream Cheese,
Candles, Gun Caps. Drugs of all kinds.
Flour all grades, including Pillsbury's Best, which is the Flour for good bread.
Fish, Fresh N. C. Fruits, Glue, Potted Ham, Cooked Ham.
Car load choice Timothy Hay.
Ink to suit all.
Jellies in Glass and in Wood.
R. W. HICKS,
Wholesale Grocer.
au 14 D&W tf

MONEY SAVED.
CASH BUYERS OF
Corn, Oats, Wheat Bran,
Cracked Corn, Cow Feed, &c., should not fail to get our prices before placing their orders.
Boney & Harper.
au 18 tf

# The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 15, 1897


## THE OVER-PRODUCTION HUMBUG.

The over production theory of the gold monometallists with which they account for the decline in the prices of farm products in the past twenty odd years, doesn't hold water when it runs up against stubborn facts. That there has been an increased production of foodstuffs, &c, within the past quarter of a century is true, but the increase didn't begin a quarter of a century ago but long before that, for the increase has been going on all the time as new territory was opened up for cultivation and better transportation facilities made it possible to get the products to market at a cost they could stand. Why, then, if increase of production is responsible for the decline in prices, didn't the decline begin years before it did and keep pace with the increased production?

Four years ago the British Parliament appointed a commission to investigate the causes of the depression in agriculture in Great Britain and suggest such remedies as might occur to them, if any did occur. This commission was composed of fourteen persons, who after a patient and thorough investigation have unanimously reported that the main cause of the depression has been the falling off in the price of agricultural products and ten of the fourteen attribute this to the demonetization of silver by so many governments since 1873. The remedy which they suggest is the remonetization of silver and therefore they urge the British Government to co-operate with other nations in the adoption of some plan for the restoration of silver.

Four of the commission dissent from this view. One of them, Sir Robert Giffen, agrees that the decline in prices is due to the demonetization of silver, but being a gold monometallist does not concede that the increase in prices which he admits would follow the remonetization of silver would benefit the farmers. But he doesn't take any stock in the over-production theory which he thus lays out:

"It is a great misfortune, I consider, that some monometallists refuse to recognise the general fall of prices in the last quarter of a century as being, in economic language, an appreciation of gold, and as being explained by a contraction of gold (as compared with a previous period of expansion) which commenced about the year 1873. The facts are all beyond dispute. The crux of the question is, that whereas for twenty years before 1873, owing to the state of the gold supply and demand, the progress of invention, cheapening of means of communication, and the like influences were attended by no general fall of prices, but prices rather advanced, now, owing to the difference in the conditions of gold supply and demand, the progress of invention, cheapening of means of communication, and the like influences, have been accompanied by a fall of prices."

The same causes which, according to the overproductionists, operated to cause a decline in prices for the past twenty odd years were in existence before the decline began, when there were not only higher prices, but rising prices, entirely regardless of the alleged causes which have operated to bring low prices, and continually falling prices since 1873.

But if there has been overproduction, as asserted, what has become of the surplus? Have the farmers made bonfires of their surplus wheat, corn, cotton, etc? Hasn't the surplus all been consumed, and with it has there been enough to feed the world's hungry and clothe the naked? If there has been a surplus it hasn't been because there was more raised than the world could consume, but because there was more raised than the world could pay a reasonable price for, and thus both the farmer and those the farmers feed, or very many of them, suffered. Instead of too much being raised there was not enough raised to feed the human family well and clothe it well. If the means of buying more at better prices were within the reach of the masses of the people they would have bought more and the farmers would have produced more. Over half the human family lives on scanty rations, of the commonest kind of food, and millions of them never touch or see bread, either wheat or corn, and yet there is talk of overproduction of food stuffs.

In speaking of the depression in agriculture and the remedy suggested the ten members of this commission say:

"We think that if a conference of the powers was assembled and their deliberations resulted in an international arrangement for the reopening of the mints abroad and in India and the restoration of silver, either wholly or partially, to the position which it filled prior to 1873, it would be of the greatest benefit to the industry of agriculture. With the object of promoting such a conference we think that your majesty's government should heartily co-operate with foreign powers and thereby give effect to the unanimous resolution to the House of Commons. * * * We think that if an international arrangement for the purposes which we have specified was arrived at, the long continued fall in prices, which is the admitted source of agricultural trouble, would be checked, and that if there should be any future movement in the course of prices, they would tend to rise rather than fall. We make this recommendation, after a prolonged and careful consideration of the great question which has been referred to us, because we are unable to perceive the signs of any spontaneous and permanent change in this direction, and we see no other prospects of arresting that constant and progressive fall in prices which by universal admission has been the cause which lies at the root of agricultural depression."

These ten Englishmen, who cannot be suspected of being silver mine owners and interested in booming silver, can see nothing before English agriculture but continued depression and continued falling prices, as silver is froze out and the purchasing power of gold enhanced, which must inevitably be the case as silver is driven out of use.

But will the farmer be the only one to suffer from this? If gold will buy more wheat, more corn, more cotton and more of the other products of the soil, will it not buy more of the land, and as it buys more of the products will it not buy more of the labor which produces those products? If it buys more of one kind of labor will it not buy more of other kinds until all wage earners feel it, and the gold manipulator becomes not only the master of the markets where food stuffs and clothing stuffs are sold, but also of the market where labor is sold? He will buy at his own price and sell at his own price to those who are ably to buy. Gold monometallism simply means a contraction of the world's volume of money, dearer money and cheaper everything else, cheaper products of labor and cheaper labor. While the cheapening of the products of the soil will hurt the farmer it will not help the masses of the consumers, whose earning capacity will be reduced so that they will have to stint themselves even on the low prices. The only gainers will be the men who control the money supplies, who will fix both the buying and the selling price as they do now, but will do it to a greater extent when they get more complete control of the world's money.

## GENERAL CLINGMAN.

We published a paragraph from the Charlotte *Observer* a few days ago stating that the Directors of the State Hospital at Morganton had decided to admit Gen. Thomas L. Clingman and give him a home there for the balance of his days. For some years Gen. Clingman has been a sufferer from physical and mental infirmities, and for some time has been making his home with a sister (we believe) in his native county, Yadkin. He didn't strictly come under the class whom the State regards as wards, but in consideration of his past services to the State, the Directors felt that it owed him this much, and they were doubtless right. We find the following in reference to him in the Asheville *Citizen*:

"The present generation has little idea how large a figure, from 1840 to 1865, was Gen. Thomas Lanier Clingman, soon to be admitted into the State hospital at Morganton. his mind showing little evidence of its former activity and ability. Gen. Clingman first settled in Asheville (he was born in Huntsville, Yadkin county) in 1836. In 1840 he went to the State Senate. In 1840 he was elected representative from this district to Congress, and for 12 years, says his biography, "participated in nearly all of the important debates, and as chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs acquitted himself with ability." He never missed a day's session of the House while representative, but found time nevertheless to write long letters commenting on the politics of the day, and to fight at least one duel, and to prepare himself on all important questions of the day. He became Senator, by appointment of the Governor, in 1858, and later was elected for the term of six years from March, 1861, but retired to take up the cause of the Confederacy.

"Gen. Clingman served through the war, surrendered in April, 1865. There after, for years, he devoted himself to exploiting and developing the resources of his State.

"Such are the outlines of the history of a man for whom the State now makes a home in one of its public institutions. Gen. Clingman was never, perhaps a brilliant man, nor a statesman of the first class. But he was the choice of the people of his day and generation for one of the most important offices within their gift, and it is little enough that the State gives him asylum now.

"May his end be peace!"

Since the war he did not take an active part in politics, and we do not think he held any public position but he always took an interest in both State and national affairs. He spent much time in the North and in Washington city, when Congress was in session, and passed much of his time listening to the debates when interesting topics were under discussion. He took much interest in scientific matters, and has stoutly contended that the honor of the discovery of the telegraph belonged to a citizen of Yadkin county named Clemmons, from whom the discovery was purloined and utilized. He gave much attention to the minerals of his State, and experimented with them, showing the new uses to which some of them could be applied, and has written much about the medicinal properties of the tobacco plant, which he claimed possesses virtues that few other plants do, both as a preventive and cure of diseases.

## MINOR MENTION.

The pension expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, amounted to $141,300,551, an increase of $1,747,661 over the preceding year. The total amount paid in pensions since 1865 is $3,148,156,095. In 1870 the total interest-bearing debt, contracted in the prosecution of the war against the Confederacy was $2,046,555,722, so that there has been paid out in pensions in a little over thirty years $101,600,373 more than the war cost in money. But within the past year a number of names, thousands of them, have been added to the rolls, and it is estimated that at the present rate of payment the expenditures will foot up for 1897-'98 $160,000,000, or about $20,000,000 more than for the past year. The solicitous patriot who has been cherishing the hope that we had reached the top notch in pension expenditures, and that we might soon look for a material and steady decrease may as well dismiss that hope and make up his mind to grin and bear it. The pension abuse is about the last thing that men in public life, who are aspirants for public position care to tackle, because it is chock full of politics and the man who bucks up against it runs the risk of getting hurt. There is a good deal of perfunctory talk about pension abuses, the pension roll being "a roll of honor" and all that sort of thing, but the plundering goes on all the same, the Treasury is raided all the same, and the bummers and frauds, with the smaller number of the really deserving, and the pension attorneys reap the benefit all the same and will continue to do so, while men in public life deprecate the abuses but lack the nerve to strike them. Cleveland had the nerve and it helped to defeat him the second time he ran for the Presidency.

## TWINKLINGS.

— "They say it is next to impossible to smoke on a wheel."

"I wish I could convince my lamp of that."—*Detroit Journal*

— "Have you ever been at Cork?" asked a gentleman of Foote.

"No," said Foote, "but I've seen many drawings of it."—*Argonaut.*

— You can always tell a bachelor by noticing whether he carries a baby most like a lighted lamp or an old overcoat.—*Tit Bits*

— "Why this sign not to touch this particular piece of statuary with canes or umbrellas?" asked a visitor at the art exhibit.

"Because," snapped a competing artist, "you could not do it justice with an ax."—*Detroit Free Press*

— Amateur Summerer—Are the rates very steep there?

Professional Summerer—Not at all. It's easy to run up a bill.—*Detroit Journal.*

— Miss Pertleigh—You haven't spoken a word in ten minutes. What are you thinking about?

Cholly—Oh, nothing.

Miss Pertleigh—Egotist!—*Detroit Free Press.*

— "No, you don't kitch me walkin on the track o' that Big Sandy road again."

"Why not, Weary?'

"I heard they had a big washout down th' line las' week."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Her Idea—"My dear, why are you saving those old fly papers?"

"Why—you said you always have to buy flies when you go fishing."—*Detroit Free Press*

— "They say," said the Cornfed Philosopher, "that a man is known by the company he keeps, but there a lot of fellows who, if they were really known by the company they keep, couldn't keep it."—*Indianapolis Journal*

— How He Won Her—Miss Charmyne—"Don't you think I was meant for a business woman?"

Jack Hastler—"No I don't. I think you were meant for a business man."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— Miss Singleton—"They tell me that happy marriages are rare. Tell me, did you ever have any trouble with your husband?"

Mrs. May Tedd—"No trouble that I recollect, except in getting him."—*Boston Transcript.*

— Waiter (to dinner, who is absorbed in the menu)—"What do you wish to eat, please?"

Professor (absent-minded)—"I haven't time to talk now. Ask me after dinner."—*Tit Bits.*

— "The English people seem very particular when it comes to a boundary line," remarked the man who observes.

"Yes," replied Senator Sorghum; "until a lot of Chinamen arrived in Canada. Then they seem to forget there is any such thing."—*Washington Star.*


We know the great cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla are genuine because the people themselves write about them. †


## CURRENT COMMENT.

—— In the list of participants in the convention of the Ohio gold Democrats will be found the names of several Federal office-holders who are graciously permitted to hold on to their places by the McKinley administration. The administration is willing to pay for the side show.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— That Hugh Hanna monetary commission looks like the handiwork of Mark. Silver will have the same consideration before it that a fox would have before a gang of hounds, and the people will fare almost as well at its hands as a wealthy passenger would at the hands of a gang of Mexican highwayman.—*Louisville Dispatch, Dem.*

—— The adventurers for gold in Klondike region have a hard enough time of it in contending with the elements without being swindled in the gambling hells that yawn for them along their route. For the protection of the gold seekers the Canadian Government has prohibited gambling saloons in the Klondike district—an example that should be speedily followed by this Government.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— The somewhat singular statement by a writer to the London "Times" that, as a concession to the silver crusade, the Government has authorized the Bank of England to keep one-fifth of its metallic reserve in silver coin seems to have been less a serious utterance than a "feeler" put out to elicit public opinion. But he that as it may, the reference seems to have brought out a storm of resistance to any such change of policy which is likely to give it an effectual quietus.—*New York Journal of Commerce, Ind.*


**The Grandest Remedy.**

Mr. R. B. Creave, merchant, of Chilhowie, Va., certifies that he had consumption, was given up to die, sought all medical treatment that money could procure, tried all cough remedies he could hear of, but got no relief; spent many nights sitting up in a chair; was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery, and was cured by use of two bottles. For past three years has been attending to business, and says Dr. King's New Discovery is the grandest remedy ever made, as it has done so much for him and also for others in his community. Dr. King's New Discovery for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. It don't fail. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †


## SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Charlotte *News*: Mrs. Isabella Oliver, mother of Mrs. H. T. Rollins, died at the residece of Mr. H. T. Rollins, Sunday morning at 4 o'clock, age 75 years. Mrs. Oliver had been in declining health for some time.

— Lincoln *Journal*: Mr. George Sigmon, of Catawba county, we are informed, last week refused an offer of $1,000 for 1,000 bushels of wheat. Mr. Sigmon refused the offer because he could not spare the time from his fall plowing to haul wheat. He is said to have 3,000 bushels on hand.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: Some of the farmers in this section say there will be about two-thirds of a crop or cotton. We think, however, it is too early to say with any degree of certainty. A few weeks ago the prospect was so bright that people are apt to underestimate the yield since the dry weather has damaged the crop.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Mrs. Sophie Bunch, wife of J. Q. Bunch and daughter of the late Walker Pearce, died at her residence on Haymount to-day (Monday.) —— Yesterday morning the body of a colored boy named Joe Harrington, 19 years of age, was found near the A. C. L. track, a few miles below Hope Mills. At first it was thought that the boy had been killed by a train, but on closer examination it looked like foul play. There was not a bruise on the body, but a little hole in the left temple plainly indicated where death had entered, either by a pistol ball or some sharp instrument.

— Raleigh *Press-Visitor*: Two car loads of convicts, 112 in number, were taken from the central prison this morning to the State farms in the Eastern part of the State, where they will be put to work harvesting the crops, principally picking cotton. The convicts, several of whom were women, go to the Caledonia, Halifax and Northampton farms. The prison here has been drawn on very heavily, until there now remain only about 100 convicts, including those in the hospital and others debarred from work by reason of old age. Most of those here are serving life sentences. It has been a long while since the penitentiary had so few convicts within its walls. Many convicts are working by contract on railroads in the State.

— Statesville *Landmark*: On the Alexander county line at the upper edge of Shiloh township, last Friday, the wife of Jule Wellman, colored, wanted to do a day's washing and desired that her 9 weeks' old child be kept quiet. Dr. R. A. Campbell, who had been attending a young negro man in the family, had prescribed laudanum for him, had told the woman of the deadly nature of the drug and cautioned her not to give the patient over four drops at a time. The woman heeded the doctor's directions but when she wanted the child quieted she concluded the laudanum was the thing for it, and she gave the baby about four drops. That was Friday morning. The little thing slept on and nobody noticed anything wrong with it until noon, when its peculiar breathing alarmed the household and Dr. Campbell was summoned. He got there about 4 o'clock in the afternoon and worked faithfully to save the child's life, but to no avail. It died about 2 o'clock Saturday morning.

## WESLEY'S BAREFOOT SERMON.

**The Founder of Methodism Rebuked Vanity While Teaching Physiology.**

A trifle more than 150 years since John Wesley, the founder of Methodism, organized a Sunday school in the town of Savannah. The rules of that Sunday school were different from those that prevail nowadays. The children were compelled to attend excepting they were ill. A lack of fine clothing was no excuse, and so it happened that many of the boys and girls presented themselves in their classes without shoes or stockings.

The colonists were, many of them, too poor to buy shoes, or even much clothing of any kind. But the climate in Georgia is mild and it is no hardship to go scantily clad.

Human nature, however, as it showed itself in John Wesley's Sunday school was the same as it is now. The children who could afford shoes fell into the habit of saying disagreeable things to the barefooted boys and girls. When Mr. Wesley heard of this from the parents of the children whose feet were bare and whose pride was sensitive, he pondered for a while as to what course it would be wisest to pursue. First he thought he ought to insist on all the children coming to the Sunday school barefooted.

Then he considered lecturing the offenders soundly on the sin of vanity. He did neither, but the next Sunday what was the surprise of teachers and pupils to see Preacher Wesley walk softly in with bare, clean, white feet!

One can fancy that those who wore shoes drew their feet far back under the benches, and the barefooted ones, conscious of being in good company, sat very straight and looked satisfied and happy.

In the course of the session Mr. Wesley took occasion to speak of the fearfully and wonderfully made human body, and, placing his foot on a convenient chair, he gave a list of the bones, tendons and joints, with much other anatomical knowledge. He told the school that no human being could possibly make a piece of machinery as marvelous as the human foot.

He called attention to the clumsiness and ugliness of shoes and stockings, as compared with the natural foot, with its white and pink coloring, the blue veins showing through, and each toe protected by a beautiful, transparent shell.

Even the tan on the feet of children or grown people who ran barefooted all the time spoke of the goodness and kindness of the Creator. This tan was made by the great sun, and the soft, odorous winds.

The school thought this little lecture very interesting, and it had a much better effect than a scolding for the folly of vanity. It may be supposed, too, that later in life these boys and girls, when finding themselves at a disadvantage, tried to find out if there were not some compensation, even in what seemed to be real misfortunes.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

**Judge Grant at Harvard.**

As regards the cost of living, I spent just $1,000 a year during the first two years and a little more the last two. I should say that $1,800 would cover the cost of my senior year, without including my share of my spread. I sent my bills for tuition, rent, board and clothes all my bills, in fact, to my father and was allowed $18 per month pocket money. I lived comfortably on this, bought a few books and was a member of the Dicky and the A. D. club. There were a number of them in my class who spent more, but I doubt if any one much exceeded $2,000 a year. Scarcely any one kept a horse, and very few of the students went to evening parties in Boston. For a freshman or sophomore to go was an unusual thing.

On the other hand, there was considerable simple social gayety in Cambridge. Assemblies were held in Lyceum hall, under the management of the students, and small parties were given by the parents of the Cambridge young ladies. The piping query, "Going to wear a dress suit to-night?" called up from the yard to a man in his room, was a familiar sound in my day and shows that we were still simple souls.—Judge Robert Grant in Scribner's.

## HIS REAPPEARANCE.

Two American yeomen, a more inquiring race than exists among agriculturists of any other region, had been neighbors from childhood upward.

Peter Prince had remained unmarried, that superintendence of the concerns of a farm which falls to petticoat government being under the management of a sister. John Horner had taken a wife to rule over his butter and cheese, his children and perhaps himself. Notwithstanding this dissimilitude of condition, the friends continued their ancient attachment, smoked their pipes together, talked of past times and speculated on the future.

Horner was of a more irritable temperament than Prince, and his anxiety to pry into the secrets of the world unknown was proportionately greater. One evening, when the subject was under discussion, he thus addressed his friend:

"Peter, though you mock at ghosts and the notion of the spirits of the deceased returning to visit the friends they have left behind and the scenes which were dear to them when in the flesh, I have never heard from you or any other person an argument which convinced me of the impossibility of such visits, or even of the improbability of the souls of the departed being permitted to hover about places and persons deservedly dear to them, and of appearing and giving a salutary warning, either by signs or words, of approaching death and the necessity of due preparation."

Peter Prince laughed, and after knocking the ashes out of his pipe he thus addressed his friend:

"Give me the tobacco, John. I never said it was not so. I only say I cannot comprehend how it can be. Give me a coal of fire. I cannot reach the tongs."

"There may and certainly do exist a great many things beyond our limited comprehension," said John, handing the tongs.

"True, true," rejoined Peter after a few whiffs. "I may believe much that I cannot comprehend, but I cannot believe in that which contradicts all I know. But we have talked this matter over often enough, and we shall know no more of it until we have passed from this to another state of existence."

"Until one or other of us has left this world," said John very solemnly. "Then perhaps the privilege may be granted." Horner paused.

"What do you mean?" asked Prince.

"I am thinking," said Horner very deliberately, "that as one of us will probably be removed before the other and have the knowledge I so thirst after given to him he might be permitted to return and impart it to his friend."

"Very well, John Horner," said Peter, laughing. "I promise that if I go first I will come and tell you all about it if I can, and, John, you must promise the same neighborly office in regard to me if it is your first turn."

"I do!" said Horner solemnly.

Here we drop the colloquy and proceed to the denouement of our story with as much brevity as possible, being convinced that brevity is the soul of a story as well as of wit.

Peter died in the presence of his friend, if not in his arms, and with his characteristic hardihood, almost with his last breath, after recommending his sister to Horner's care, reminded him of the engagement they had entered into, concluding:

"It is my turn to know first, and I here solemnly renew my promise."

The death of his friend was a heavy blow to Horner. He became melancholy. His thoughts dwelt upon a future state more than ever. He feared that he and his friend had been wrong in entering upon such a contract. He looked to see a spiritual visitor or to hear from the world whose secrets he had so daringly asked to have displayed to him. He feared now what he had so earnestly wished. Solitude became irksome to him, and he dreaded sleep, excepting that in the night, when spirits wander until the cock crowing calls them to the prison house, the ghost of his friend would announce the fatal secret of his condition and summon him to participate. John fell sick and disclosed to his wife the compact he had entered into with Peter.

Now, Mrs. Horner was a woman little given to speculations of any kind. She attended to her duties, worked hard, scolded sometimes harder; went to church regularly and had little anxiety respecting another state of being. She laughed at John, and, it is said, called him and his friend Peter a couple of old blockheads for making such a dangerous agreement. We shall see whether she or her husband was right.

Horner's illness made it necessary to seek his bed long before the household cares of his helpmate permitted her to think of rest. Suddenly he heard his name pronounced solemnly, and thrice "John Horner" was repeated. The curtains were drawn aside, and there stood Peter in flowing robes, unlike his former guise, and much changed even in countenance, but still it was Peter Prince. Horner gazed upon his former friend and tried to ask for the important communication, but he could only say:

"Speak!"

He then saw the vision bend toward the floor, and, rising, pronounce the mysterious words:

"It might have been better. It might have been worse!"

Horner started up in bed, exclaiming, "Stay, tell me more!" but the vision was gone, and he saw his wife, standing, with a bowl in her hand.

"As I live, I saw him!" exclaimed the sick man.

"Saw who?" asked Mrs. Horner.

"Peter Prince!"

"Nonsense!"

"As plain as I see you. He stood just where you now are."

"Well, what did he say?" said the dame.

"He called thrice: 'John Horner! John Horner! John Horner!' He bowed low, and, rising, said: 'It might have been better. It might have been worse!'"

"Ha, ha, ha!" almost shouted his wife. "I called you three times before I could make you open your eyes, and, finding that I had knocked over the tea, I stooped for the bowl and exclaimed, on seeing that it was not broken: 'It might have been better. It might have been worse!'"—New York News.

**The Cuban Revolution.**

Two years of desperate conflicts—ruinous for Spain, which is today on the verge of bankruptcy—have not weakened the efforts of the insurgent patriots. In the United States better than anywhere else one could follow day by day the varying fortune of this Titanic duel—the landing of the two Maceo brothers, survivors of a family of heroes, both of whom were to find, a few months apart, the most glorious of deaths; the advent in the campaign of Maximo Gomez, the veteran of the ten years' insurrection; the death of Marti, fallen in ambuscade before seeing the triumph of his labor; the revolt deepening, spreading from the eastern to the western department, toward Pinar del Rio, and threatening Havana; the recall of Martinez Campos, powerless to conquer; his replacement by General Weyler, a wild beast with a human countenance, and finally the dissolution, greater each day, of the prestige and credit of monarchical Spain. This is the state of things at present. The entire people of the United States have espoused the cause of those who are struggling with so much valor and abnegation to break so odious a yoke. Will the federal government show itself less generous than the great nation in the name of which it speaks? Will the American eagle allow the Spanish vulture to settle upon its prey?—Henri Rochefort in Forum.


**Something to Know.**

It may be worth something to know that the very best medicine for restoring the tired out nervous system to a healthy vigor is Electric Bitters. This medicine is purely vegetable, acts by giving tone to the nerve centres in the stomach, gently stimulates the Liver and Kidneys, and aids these organs in throwing of impurities in the blood. Electric Bitters improves the appetite, aids digestion, and is pronounced by those who have tried it as the very best blood purifier and nerve tonic. Try it. Sold for 50c. and $1.00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

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The fac simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

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**Lard, Molasses,**

**MEAL, SALT, LIME, CEMENT,**

Plaster, Hay, Corn, Hoop Iron,

OATS, RIVETS, GLUE.

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## Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| BAGGING— | | | |
| 2 lb Jute | | 6½ | 7 |
| Standard | | | 7½ |
| WESTERN SMOKED— | | | |
| Hams ₩ lb | 12 | @ | 14 |
| Sides ₩ lb | 6 | @ | 7 |
| Shoulders ₩ lb | 6 | @ | 6¼ |
| DRY SALTED— | | | |
| Sides ₩ lb | 5½ | @ | 6¼ |
| Shoulders ₩ lb | 5 | @ | 5 |
| BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine— | | | |
| Second-hand, each | 1 00 | @ | $1 10 |
| New New York, each | 1 25 | @ | 1 40 |
| New City, each | 1 30 | @ | 1 40 |
| BEESWAX ₩ lb | 22 | @ | 23 |
| BRICKS— | | | |
| Wilmington ₩ M | $ 00 | @ | 7 00 |
| Northern | 9 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| BUTTER— | | | |
| North Carolina ₩ lb | 10 | @ | 18 |
| Northern | 18 | @ | 25 |
| CORN MEAL— | | | |
| Per Bushel, in sacks | | @ | 47½ |
| Virginia Meal | | @ | 48½ |
| COTTON TIES—₩ bundle | | @ | 75 |
| CANDLES—₩ lb— | | | |
| Sperm | 18 | @ | 25 |
| Adamantine | 8 | @ | 10 |
| CHEESE—₩ lb— | | | |
| Northern Factory | 11 | @ | 12½ |
| Dairy, Cream | 10 | @ | 12 |
| State | | @ | 10 |
| COFFEE—₩ lb— | | | |
| Laguyra | 20 | @ | |
| Rio | 8 | @ | 11 |
| DOMESTICS— | | | |
| Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard | | @ | 5½ |
| Yarns, ₩ bunch | 18 | @ | 20 |
| EGGS—₩ dozen | 11 | @ | 12½ |
| FISH— | | | |
| Mackerel, No 1, ₩ barrel | $0 00 | @ | $0 00 |
| Mackerel, No 1, ₩ half-barrel | 11 00 | @ | 11 50 |
| Mackerel, No 2, ₩ barrel | 10 00 | @ | 10 00 |
| Mackerel, No 2, ₩ half-barrel | 6 00 | @ | 6 50 |
| Mackerel, No 3, ₩ barrel | 13 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| Mullets, ₩ barrel | 4 00 | @ | 4 25 |
| Mullets, ₩ pork barrel | | @ | 3 00 |
| N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg | 3 00 | @ | 3 25 |
| Dry Cod, ₩ lb | 5 | @ | 10 |
| Extra | 3 25 | @ | 3 50 |
| FLOUR—₩ barrel— | | | |
| Low grade | 3 75 | @ | 4 00 |
| Choice | | @ | 4 50 |
| Straight | | @ | 4 75 |
| Fancy Patent | 5 25 | @ | 5 75 |
| GLUE—₩ lb | 7½@8 | | 8½ |
| GRAIN—₩ bushel— | | | |
| Corn, from store, bags—White, | | @ | 50 |
| Corn, in bags—White, | | @ | 70 |
| Oats, from store | | @ | 30 |
| Oats, Rust Proof | 30@35 | | 40 |
| Cow Peas | 80 | @ | 85 |
| HIDES, ₩ lb— | | | |
| Green | | @ | 6 |
| Dry | | @ | 8 |
| HAY, ₩ 100 lbs— | | | |
| Clover, Hay | 80 | @ | 85 |
| Rice Straw | | @ | 50 |
| Eastern | | @ | 1 00 |
| Western | 90 | @ | 95 |
| North River | | @ | |
| HOOP IRON, ₩ lb | 3½@ | | 3 |
| LARD, ₩ lb— | | | |
| Northern | 7½@ | | 8 |
| North Carolina | 6 | @ | 10 |
| LIME, ₩ barrel | 1 15 | @1 | 20 |
| LUMBER (city sawed)—₩ M— | | | |
| Slate Stock, Rough edge | 12 00 | @ | 2000 |
| Rough-edge Plank | 15 00 | @ | 16 00 |
| West Indies cargoes, according to quality | 13 00 | @ | 15 00 |
| Dressed Flooring | 18 00 | @ | 22 00 |
| Scantling and Board, common | 14 00 | @ | 15 00 |
| MOLASSES, ₩ gallon— | | | |
| Barbados, in hhds | | @ | 32 |
| " in bbls | | @ | 35 |
| Porto Rico, in hhds | | @ | 30 |
| " in bbls | | @ | 32 |
| Sugar-House, in hhds | 12 | @ | 14 |
| " in bbls | 14 | @ | 15 |
| Syrup, in bbls | 12 | @ | 15 |
| NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 50d basis | 1 80 | @ | 2 10 00 |
| PORK, ₩ barrel— | | | |
| City Mess | 9 50 | @ | 10 00 |
| Rump | | @ | 9 50 |
| Prime | | @ | 9 00 |
| ROPE, ₩ lb | 10 | @ | 11 |
| SALT, ₩ sack Alum | | @ | 60 |
| Liverpool | | @ | 60 |
| Lisbon | | @ | 60 |
| American | 60 | @ | 65 |
| On 100 lb Sacks | | @ | 60 |
| Dairy, ₩ M | 1 60 | @ | 1 65 |
| Common | 1 30 | @ | 1 35 |
| Coarse | 1 20 | @ | 1 25 |
| SUGARS, ₩ lb—Standard Granul'd | | @ | 5 |
| Standard A | | @ | 5 |
| White Ex. C | | @ | 4½ |
| Extra C, Golden | | @ | 4 |
| C, Yellow | | @ | 3½ |
| SOAP, Northern, Mottled | 3½@ | | 4 |
| STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. hhd | 3 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| R. O. hhd | | @ | 10 00 |
| TIMBER, ₩ M—Sawed— | | | |
| Mill, Prime | | @ | 14 00 |
| Mill, Run | | @ | 12 00 |
| Common Mill | | @ | 10 00 |
| Inferior to Common | | @ | |
| SHINGLES, W. C. Cypress, sawed | | @ | 3 50 |
| " Heart, sawed | 2 50 | @ | 3 00 |
| " Cypress, Rived | 3 00 | @ | 4 00 |
| " Heart | 4 00 | @ | 5 00 |
| " Cypress, Shaved | 4 00 | @ | 5 00 |
| " Heart | 5 00 | @ | 6 00 |
| TALLOW, ₩ lb | 3½@ | | 4 |
| WOOL, ₩ lb—Unwashed | 15 | @ | 18 |
| Washed | 18 | @ | 20 |

## COMMERCIAL.

### WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, September 14.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 27¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 27¼ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market steady at $1 15 per bbl for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1.10 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady; $1.80 per barrel for Hard, 1.80 for Yellow Dip and 1 90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady, 21¾; 21½c; rosin firm, $1.35, 1.40; tar steady, $1 05; crude turpentine firm, $1 80, 1.55, 1.65.

RECEIPTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spirits Turpentine | 80 |
| Rosin | 311 |
| Tar | 9 |
| Crude Turpentine | 18 |

Receipts same day last year—100 casks spirits turpentine, 330 bbls rosin, 64 bbls tar, 14 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON

Market steady on a basis of 6¾c for middling. Quotations:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Ordinary | 4¾ | cts ₩ lb |
| Good Ordinary | 5¾ | " " |
| Low Middling | 6¾ | " " |
| Middling | 6¾ | " " |
| Good Middling | 7 1-16 | " " |

Same day last year, middling 7¾c.

Receipts—3,538 bales; same day last year 1,563.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 55@60c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 70c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy 50c.

CORN—Firm; 47½@50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady. Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3 25; seven inch, $3 50 to 4 50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 8.50 per M.

### FINANCIAL MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14—Evening.—Money on call was firm at 1½@2 per cent., last loan at 2 and closed offered at 1½@2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3¾@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange was weak; actual business in bankers' bills at 484½@485 for demand; 483½@483¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 485½@486½ and 486@483½. Commercial bills 481½@482. Silver certificates 54¾@57. Government bonds firm; new fours, registered, 125; new fours, coupon, 126¾; fours, registered, 111½; fours, coupon 113½; twos, registered, 98; fives, registered, 114½; fives, coupon, 114¼. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 128; North Carolina fours 103½. Railroad bonds firm.

### NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—Rosin steady; strained common to good $1 45@1 50. Spirits turpentine easy at 30@30½.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 14.—Spirits turpentine was firm at 27½c; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — barrels; A, B, $1 10; C, D $1 15; E $1 20, F $1 25, G $1 30, H $1 40, I, $1 45, K $1 45, M $1 50, N $1 70, W G $1 95; W W $2 20.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 14.—Spirits turpentine firm at 28c; sales — casks; receipts 511 casks. Rosin firm; sales 2 000 barrels; receipts 5,219 barrels: A, B, C, D, E $1 20, F $1 25, G $1 35, H $1 35, I $1 40, K $1 45, M $1 50, N $1 55, W G $2 10, W W $2 20.

### COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 14.—Cotton market made a steady start, prices advancing on the first call 2 to 3 points, as cables from Liverpool at hand when the market opened were better than had been generally expected. For a time shorts made a lively market of it, covering; later, an easier feeling prevailed for a time. At noon prices were back to the best level of the forenoon, an advance of 4 to 5 points. Trading all day lacked outside speculative interest. In the afternoon the market ruled quiet, with a steady undertone, until just before the close, when weakness developed under aggressive bear hammering. The market was finally quiet at unchanged prices to a net gain of 3 points.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—Evening.—Cotton quiet; middling 7¾c.

Cotton futures market closed quiet; sales 97,200 bales; Jan'y 6 83, Feb'y 6 85, March 6 89, April 6 94, May 6 95, July —, August —, September 6 91, October 6 81, November 6 75, December 6 77.

Spot cotton closed quiet;

# AN OPEN LETTER
## To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

*I,* DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every bear the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.* LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

Samuel Pitcher M.D.

*March 8, 1897.*

### Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

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**Practice For the Doctor.**

A society has recently been formed, all the members of which pledge themselves to bequeath their dead bodies to the medical faculty in order that science and therefore humanity may be benefited.

Most wise people will no doubt regard this as a highly desirable arrangement, but the great majority will look upon it as uncanny and opposed to the common sentiment.

In all our military stations, however, such as Gibraltar, Malta, etc., a post mortem examination is held in every case of death among the soldiers, except when it results from drowning, in which case there can be no possible doubt.

This gives the doctors plenty of practice, and probably demonstrates many mistakes of diagnosis. Very often, in cases of illness among ordinary people, which have resulted in death, it may be presumed that a wrong diagnosis has been made and an unsuitable treatment has consequently followed, the doctor never after knowing of his error, but there can be no chance of such ignorance when a post mortem examination is made.

To the young doctors practicing in military stations this regulation is therefore of incalculable advantage.—Pearson's Weekly.

**Government Crockery.**

All crockery ware and glass furnished to the government must be severely tested. One test consists in boiling the ware from 10 to 15 minutes, or until it is as hot as boiling water can make it. It is then instantly removed and plunged into water as near the freezing point as possible and be liquid. No crazing or cracks must show after the test. The tumblers are put into water at 192.4 degrees for one minute. They are then dropped into water at 42.44 degrees F. If they show the least imperfection under this test, they will not be accepted.—New York Ledger.


**The Hand** THAT ROCKS THE CRADLE rules the world.

But few appreciate the danger to which the expectant mother is exposed, and the foreboding with which she looks forward to the hour of approaching motherhood. By the use of

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REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless: and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

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you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

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The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.


## CREDULOUS GERMANS

A BERLIN NEWSPAPER AND ITS READERS NEATLY TAKEN IN.

**A Story of Jenny Lind and Barnum, Credited to Maurice Strakosch and Worked Off on the Editor of Das Tageblatt as Veritable History.**

If there is any limit to the credulity of the German journalist touching all matters relating to America, or at least all those which reflect upon the American character, it has not yet been discovered.

A recent feuilleton in Das Tageblatt of Berlin, entitled "Jenny Lind and Barnum," was written by somebody who calls himself Franz Fridberg, who vouches for the "literal truthfulness" of the story, which he says was told him by Maurice Strakosch. Poor Strakosch, alas, is dead and cannot defend himself. He was a most amiable raconteur, and none of his friends was ever disposed to exact the unadorned truth from him when he was indulging his fondness for reminiscence, but it is an insult to his memory to attribute a story like this of Fridberg's to him.

The story in brief was as follows: Jenny Lind had won great popularity in England, but earned no money. For the latter convenient commodity she was obliged to visit the show country, America. That visit was brought about in this way: Goldschmidt, her accompanist, had gone to America to seek his fortune. It had been a hard parting, for he loved the singer (he afterward married her), and the result was disappointment. He was about to return home when he met Barnum and complained to him of his ill luck. Barnum was equally unhappy. He had tried everything—"circus, violin virtuoses, dancers, educated apes, learned lecturers"—but all in vain. Then Goldschmidt suggested that he knew a singer in England who might be a card in America.

"A singer! Pah! What's her name?"

"Jenny Lind."

"That's no name."

"But she sings beautifully."

"Good thing for her, but no business for me."

"But she's the greatest singer in England."

"Better still for her. But we'll talk about something else."

After a while spent in talk on other subjects Goldschmidt returned to the attack.

"For God's sake," Barnum broke in impatiently, "leave me in peace with your singer. We have as many singers as there are sands on the seashore."

"Pity," replied Goldschmidt carelessly; "perhaps, after all, something might be done with the Swedish Nightingale."

Barnum leaped to his feet. "What's that? Swedish"—

"That's what they call her in England."

"What is she called?"

"The Swedish Nightingale."

"The Swedish Nightingale? Telegraph at once to Miss Jenny Lind. I will engage her for 100 concerts; $50,000 down, free voyage and living for three persons. At once!"

"But, my dear friend, you haven't heard her!"

"Heard her! What the devil do I know about music? Swedish Nightingale! Immense! And you, unlucky wretch, wait till now before telling me!"

Goldschmidt rushed to the telegraph office, sent the message, received an answer and the thing was done!

This much of the story might be accepted good naturedly, even if the facts were not of record that the contract between Barnum and Jenny Lind was negotiated by Mr. Barnum's agent, J. H. Wilton, in January, 1850, with the singer herself; that this was a year and four months before Mr. Goldschmidt, who joined her company here in May, 1851, after Mr. Julius Benedict, the original pianist, had returned to England, ever saw America, and that the telegraphic message so peremptorily ordered and promptly sent was dispatched eight years before there was an Atlantic cable!

But the marvels are just beginning. A new bridge was building in the harbor. The newspapers announced that it was to be dedicated when Jenny Lind arrived. There it stands, a regal structure, crowded with humanity waiting for the ship. Only invited guests have been given access to it. The ship comes in sight. A tremendous excitement seizes the mass. All crowd forward shrieking "Hurrah!" waving handkerchiefs, stamping with their feet. A crash; a scream of horror! The bridge has collapsed! Was it an accident due to the faulty construction of the bridge? Oh, no! It was Barnum's most masterly trick. He had provided the money to build the bridge, hired the "invited" public to stand on it at $10 per head, placed those who could swim farthest from the shore, the others nearer, and the moment the ship landed the piers were pulled away and the structure, with all upon it, precipitated into the water. A few hours later telegrams flashed in all directions: "Horrible catastrophe! Five hundred dead! When the ship which brought the Swedish Nightingale to New York hove in sight today, there was such a crowd and a scramble on the newly built landing bridge that it collapsed. Five hundred persons drowned. When Miss Jenny Lind heard of the dreadful catastrophe, she wept bitterly, and at once the pious artist resolved to devote the proceeds of her first concert to the relief of the families of the victims." And Mr. Franz Fridberg concludes, putting the words into the mouth of the genial Maurice: "Barnum did the biggest business he ever did in America—that is, he did get a bigger card later—Jumbo, the white elephant!" It would be an insult to the American intelligence to reprint this story were it not for the fact that it is published by one of the best newspapers of Berlin as veritable history.—New York Tribune.

The Visigoths in Spain, from Alaric, in 889 A. D., to Roderic, in 709, had 34 kings.

From Washington to Timbuktu, by land and sea, the distance is 8,995 miles.

## PLEASURE IN LONDON

EARL'S COURT IS THE SUCCESSOR OF VAUXHALL GARDENS.

**Its Various Expositions, Credited to Different Countries, Are Only Pretenses. The Great Thing, the Only Thing, Is the Place Itself.**

Mrs. Elizabeth Robins Pennell contributes to The Century an article on "Play In London." After speaking of Vauxhall Gardens and Cremorne Mrs. Pennell says:

Everybody knows what the old garden was like—Thackeray has seen to that—with the hundred thousand lamps always lighted, the fiddlers who made ravishing melodies, the singers, the dancers, the Mme. Saquis on the slack rope ascending to the stars, the hermit in the illuminated hermitage, the dark walks so favorable to lovers, the pots of stout, the dinners and suppers—in a word, the sort of combination of cafe, music hall, restaurant and Fourth of July that nowhere else has been brought to such perfection; that to Sir Roger had seemed long before Thackeray's day "a kind of Mohammedan paradise." But what everybody does not know so well is that London still has its garden, called by another name, to be sure, ignored by Murray and Baedeker and offering another programme, Mme. Saquis and hermits gone from it apparently forevermore, but precisely the same in principle and practice.

Vauxhall has vanished; Cremorne sends up no more rockets skyward to fill the night with beauty; the Crystal palace is only for the suburb and the country cousin, but every summer Earl's court has its exhibition—an exhibition only by courtesy, only out of deference to the present fashion of gathering our knowledge or pretending to while we play. One year it was called Italian, and there were macaroni and chianti in the restaurants, and a nice new pasteboard forum. Another year it was German, and the air was heavy with the fragrance of schnitzel and wurst. Then it was American, for a change, and cowboys and red Indians swaggered across the scene, and soda water and maple sugar figured on the menu. Now it happens to be Indian, with a fine oriental flavor, but by the time this is published it will be something else, and it really matters very little. The exhibition, attributed to any nation, would be as gay. Nobody cares save, perhaps, a few tradesmen and mummers, who smell the commercial battle from afar. It is an open secret that the semblance of a show is there merely to court avoidance. The years in passing have turned it into a big bazaar, but not even in this guise can it prove the chief attraction.

No; the great thing, the only thing, that counts is the garden, where one may walk under pleasant trees; where one may ape the continental and drink tea or coffee at little tables—but mostly tea, in capacious pots—to the accompaniment of thick slabs of cake; where one may be still more un-English and eat one's dinner outdoors—not like a wild beast in a cage, as in the old "box" at Vauxhall, but in company, on a low, broad veranda, where there are side shows more diverting than Pepys ever dreamed of; where one may loaf away the summer evening, listening to music which is at least as good as the honest Briton likes it. For the truth is the garden furnishes just that form of amusement which Mr. Henry James has lamented was not to be found in London, and so long as it is open one need not, as he thought, "give up the idea of going to sit somewhere in the open air, to eat an ice and listen to a band of music." Only the amusement must be shared with so big a crowd that one will have to scramble for a chair, engage a dinner table full 12 hours beforehand, and struggle to get home by underground or bus as furiously as the mob fights to push into the pit of a popular theater.

To provide the Englishman with a crowd, to give him the chance to use his elbows, is to convince him that he is enjoying himself. And the old garden's questionable features, its revelers, its jockeys and courtesans and gamblers—where are they? Where are the snows of yesteryear? All gone with other times and other morals. The world of Earl's court and Kensington has taken the exhibition under its protection, and there sits in stately splendor a magnificent example of respectability, within an inclosure humorously called the Welcome club, because admission is refused to all but the elect. Where the west end condescends to spend its afternoons and evenings there surely every one may venture in safety by night as by day. Indeed there is a strong domestic element about the exhibition. It is a place for the family, a playground for the decorous.

## A ROMANCE OF WALES.

**The Two Ladies of Llangollen Who Lived a Strange Life Together.**

Helen Marshall North contributes to The Century an account of Lady Eleanor Charlotte Butler and the Hon. Sara Ponsonby, who, more than a century ago, ran away from their homes and settled in the picturesque little town of Llangollen. They dressed in a strange costume that was partly made up of masculine garments. They were visited by many distinguished people and corresponded with most of the notables of their times. The writer says:

Among their visitors the ladies also counted a certain Sir Alured, a handsome and interesting but venerable man at this period. Here is a romance within a romance, for of this gallant gentleman it is said that one of the princesses fell desperately in love with him, and her father, poor old George III, sent the too fascinating young man away to India, where there was war at the time, and whence, therefore, there was some likelihood that he would not return. But at 80 he came back, still handsome and fascinating, and was received with distinguished favor by the new king, who made him a field marshal. Of the princess and her affection nothing more is learned.

Sir Alured had long known Lady Eleanor—indeed, for aught I know to the contrary, he may have been one of the five despairing swains mentioned in that lady's obituary—and once a year, usually in October, he came down to Llangollen to pay his respects to the two ladies, to whom the visit was always an occasion of consequence.

The death of Lady Eleanor was a grievous blow to the old man. He came the year following, however, but was less gay than usual, and it is even said that he neglected to bestow the usual parting kiss on his fair entertainer. The Hon. Sara promptly reminded him of the oversight, for which he at once made atonement.

Mary Carryl, the faithful servant, had died in 1809, making the first change that had occurred in the inmates of the household.

Each of the friends wished a picture of the other, but neither was willing to sit for her portrait. By some stratagem of a friend pictures of the two together were secured when the ladies were unaware.

In June, 1829, at the age of 90, Lady Eleanor passed away, and, although her friends surrounded Miss Ponsonby with every possible kindness, she refused to be comforted. She was seldom seen except by her domestics and survived in her loneliness only 16 months.

## WHEN STUDENTS DON'T KNOW.

**Some of the Queer Answers They Make In Examination Papers.**

Medical students in the throes of examination time or entering upon the anxious period preceding their appearance before examiners who are to decide their fitness for graduation are often very nervous, and many ludicrous slips are made in answering questions propounded by the examiners.

Some of these mistakes may be appreciated only by the questioners or those familiar with technical details of the subjects with which the questions deal. Others, however, may be appreciated by the layman, as the answer of a student that "mucin" is secreted by certain glands in the throat. He meant no doubt to say mucous, but many will think he was not far from wrong, especially in regard to some throats.

"To strain the blood" is a common answer to the question concerning the function of the liver.

One young man in the course of examination, in answer to a question as to what disease the liver is most liable, wrote "liver complaint."

Usually it is the freshmen in medical studies who make the most serious blunders in their answers. They are unaccustomed to the mode of examination and for the nonce lose self possession if they are not actually ignorant of the proper answer. Rather than make a complete "flunk" some answer is written down and this gives the examiner relief from the monotony of looking over endless papers.

"Give an outline of how the bony framework of the body is built up and name some of the more important bones?" was the question put to a student.

"The bony framework of the body is built up to protect the vital organs," was the comprehensive answer. Then he added, "Some of the more important bones are skull, back, shoulder, hip and collar bones."

A more advanced student returned from examination of a baby patient and reported that the little one was "emancipated." When asked what was meant by that term, he replied in Bowery parlance, "The baby is a 'tin ting' (thin thing)." The patient died of lack of nourishment, or inanition, and the report of the would be medico was that the cause of death was "ammunition."

"What are the office and use of the brain in the human anatomy and to what diseases is it most liable?" was a double barrelled question propounded by an examiner. The terse answer of the student was: "Seat of intelligence. Apoplexy, fever."

A question in an examination on materia medica was, "What is an alterative?" Almost laconic was the answer—"a change for the better."

"A change produced with aid of chemicals" was the answer to the question, "Define a chemical change?" "Define the term decomposition?" was asked a student in chemistry, and he replied, "In state of decay."

"Containing iron and sulphur" was the strange answer a professor received to his question, "What is an antipyretic?" or a drug to allay fever.

One bright youth was asked what he would do if he was called to see a patient who was sure to die. "I'd turn the case over to another physician," was the ready response.—Baltimore Sun.

**Universal Language.**

Many schemes have been devised for a universal language, of which Volapuk is among the latest. About the beginning of this century an enthusiast proposed a universal language, of which the numerals should represent the sounds.


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| Leave Lumberton | 5 00 p m | ..... |
| Leave Maxton | 5 15 p m | ..... |
| Leave Laurinburg | 6 36 p m | ..... |
| Arrive Hamlet | 8 05 p m | ..... |
| Leave Hamlet | 7 15 p m | *6 10 pm |
| Leave Rockingham | 7 30 p m | 6 25 am |
| Leave Wadesboro | 8 11 p m | 6 54 am |
| Leave Marshville | 8 48 p m | 7 35 am |
| Arrive Monroe | 9 08 p m | 7 48 am |
| Leave Monroe | 9 35 p m | 7 00 am |
| Arrive Charlotte | 10 25 p m | 7 50 am |
| Arrive Mt. Holly | ..... | 9 30 am |
| Arrive Lincolnton | ..... | 10 30 am |
| Arrive Shelby | ..... | 1 18 pm |
| Arrive Ellenboro | ..... | 11 58 pm |
| Arrive Rutherfordton | ..... | 12 35 pm |

*6 40 a m Leave ..... Hamlet ..... Arrive 8 30 pm
10 00 a m Arrive ..... Cheraw ..... Leave 10 00 pm

EASTWARD.

| | No. 38 | No. 402. |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Rutherfordton | ..... | *4 35 pm |
| Leave Ellenboro | ..... | 5 15 pm |
| Leave Shelby | ..... | 5 50 pm |
| Leave Lincolnton | ..... | 6 56 pm |
| Leave Mt. Holly | ..... | 7 32 pm |
| Leave Charlotte | *8 10 am | 8 20 pm |
| Arrive Monroe | 8 55 am | 9 10 pm |
| Leave Monroe | 9 05 am | 9 40 pm |
| Leave Marshville | 9 30 am | ..... |
| Leave Wadesboro | 10 01 am | 10 31 pm |
| Leave Rockingham | 7 41 am | 11 06 pm |
| Arrive Hamlet | 7 55 am | 11 20 pm |
| Leave Hamlet | 8 10 am | ..... |
| Leave Laurinburg | 9 40 am | ..... |
| Leave Maxton | 9 05 am | ..... |
| Leave Lumberton | 9 53 am | ..... |
| Arrive Wilmington | 12 05 pm | ..... |

NORTHWARD.

| | No. 39 | No. 401. |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Hamlet | *8 15 am | *11 30 pm |
| Leave Raleigh | 11 30 am | 2 10 am |
| Arrive Portsmouth | 5 50 pm | 7 25 am |
| Arrive Richmond | *6 50 pm | *8 15 am |
| Arrive Washington | 11 10 pm | 12 31 pm |
| Arrive New York | 6 58 am | 6 02 pm |

SOUTHWARD.

| | No. 48 | No. 52 |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Monroe | *6 48 am | *9 25 pm |
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DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 8.05 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.50 a m, Warsaw 11.15 a m, Goldsboro 11.50 a m, Wilson 12.43 p m, Rocky Mount 1.30 p m, Tarboro 2.10 p m, Weldon 2.50 p m, Petersburg 3.54 p m, Richmond 6.00 p m, Norfolk 6.00 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.40 a m, New York 6.33 a m, †Boston 2.00 p m.

DAILY 1.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 5.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 8.40 a m, Rocky Mount 11.37 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.50 a m, Petersburg 3.34 a m, Richmond 4.30 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.35 a m, New York 2.08 p m, Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY except Sunday 2 50 p m — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 3 50 p m, Newbern 5 20 p m. This train leaves from Walnut street.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 4.00 P M — No. 35—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.09 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, Marion 6.43 p m, Florence 7.35 p m, Sumter 8.49 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 8.39 a m, Augusta 3.30 a m, Macon 11.30 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.50 p m, Savannah 2.40 a m, Jacksonville 8.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 6.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 9.45 P M — No. 39—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.55 p m, †New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 3.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.13 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.05 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.52 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 12.05 p m, Baltimore 3.55 p m, Washington 4.45 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 9.13 p m, †Norfolk 3.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.01 a m, Warsaw 7.53 a m, Magnolia 8.05 a m.

DAILY except Sunday 12 40 p m — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9 20 a m, Jacksonville 10 42 a m. This train arrives at Walnut street.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 a m, Sanford 1.00 p m, Jacksonville 3 25 p m Savannah 12.53 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 8.30 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.30 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.32 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7 55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 55 a m, Greenville 8.52 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 18 a m, Weldon 11 53 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.30 p m and 1 00 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 2 10 p m returning leaves Parmele 9 55 a m and 6 30 p m, arrives Washington 11 00 a m and 7.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4 05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 30 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.40 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 35 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 9 a m, Nashville 9 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 03 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.15 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 3.00 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Fee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9 49 a m, Rowland 10 00 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6 10 p m, arrive Dillon 6.30 p m, Latta 6.44 p m, Fee Dee 7.03 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2 45 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, arrive Hub 

# The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 15, 189


## McKINLEY'S CABINET MET.

Neither the Cuban Nor the Hawaiian Question Mentioned—Relief Measures Proposed for Gold Prospectors in Alaska.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 14.—Great interest attached to the Cabinet meeting to-day on account of the various important questions which are pending and the fact that it was the first meeting for some weeks. Every member of the Cabinet except Secretary Long, who is out of the city, reached the White House promptly at 11 o'clock, and each had with him an unusually large number of papers and documents relating to matters pending in his department.

The early part of the session was devoted to the consideration of the Union Pacific question, presumably the advisability of taking an appeal from the decree of the United States Court at Omaha for the sale of the property under foreclosure proceedings. The civil service decision in the Wood case and its effect on the law was also informally talked over. Neither the decision on discriminating section 22, of the tariff act, nor the Cuban or Hawaiian questions were mentioned at the meeting.

Though there was a very full discussion of the Union Pacific R. R. matter, it is learned that no decision was reached as to the course to be pursued by the Government, and it is presumed that no announcement will be made regarding it until a definite conclusion is reached.

Secretary Alger brought up the Klondike rush and adverted to the probable necessity of relief measures for the benefit of Americans who have rushed heedlessly into the gold fields, but the discussion of this matter was very informal and fruitless of results.

Secretary Alger laid before the cabinet several telegrams urging relief for stricken prospectors, including one from the citizens committee of Tacoma, representing that distress existed already at Dawson City, stating that starvation had begun and praying that a revenue cutter be sent with supplies to St. Michael and chances taken on getting the supplies to those in need of them. The discussion made it evident that the Cabinet was not quite clear that the government authorities had warrant of law for furnishing supplies, but Secretary Alger telegraphed to Senator Perkins, of California, who is interested in a line to Alaska, asking him if he would undertake to deliver a ship-load of supplies at St. Michael's. If it be found that the law will not permit the government to send supplies, then relief will be furnished by private persons in order that a horror may not grow out of the rush for gold. Some consideration was given to the practicability of getting supplies in by way of a projected winter trail via Dyea.

## CONDITION OF CROPS.

Corn Has Suffered Seriously from Drought —Cotton Has Generally Suffered Injury—No Improvement in Tobacco.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 14.—The weekly crop bulletin issued by the Agricultural Department to-day for the week ended at 8 a. m., September 14, says:

The week has been excessively hot and for the most part dry in nearly all districts east of the Rocky Mountains.

With sufficient moisture, the conditions would have been most favorable to corn, but in most of the important corn States the crop, more particularly the late planted, has suffered seriously from drought and is being prematurely ripened.

Cotton has generally suffered further injury during the past week, and its general condition is less favorable than reported in the preceding bulletin.

Marked deterioration is reported from the Carolinas, Georgia, Tennessee, Arkansas and Oklahoma. Heat and drought over the greater part of the cotton belt have stopped growth and caused much premature opening and shedding. Scattered heavy rains have also interfered with picking in portions of Texas, and caused slight damage by washing out open cotton in places, but improved the crop where still growing. In portions of Southern and Central Texas late cotton, and the "top" crop over Northern Texas, will not mature unless frost is unusually late.

Cotton has opened freely throughout the cotton belt; picking has made rapid progress and will be completed earlier than usual.

No improvement in the condition of tobacco is reported from Kentucky, where the outlook is very poor, and its general condition in Tennessee is also very unfavorable.

## LUETGERT MURDER TRIAL.

A Sick Juror—Several Witnesses to Testify To-day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, September 14.—Juror J. E. Fowler, whose illness yesterday caused an adjournment of the Luetgert murder trial until Wednesday, was much improved to day and will, his physician says, be able to attend to-morrow's session.

Luetgert spent a quiet day in jail, receiving few callers but being apparently in the best of humor.

When court opens to-morrow Prof. Geo. Vincent Bailey will be recalled for further cross-examination by Attorney Vincent. When the defence has completed the cross-examination of Prof. Bailey, the prosecution will call Frank Bialk and Frank Odorolsky to establish the motive for the alleged murder of Mrs. Luetgert. These two witnesses, both former employes of Luetgert, will testify as to frequent quarrels between the sausage-maker and his wife because of Luetgert's attentions to Mary Siemmering, the servant in the Luetgert family. The prosecution is impressed with the belief that Luetgert's infatuation for Mary Siemmering was the principal impulse which actuated him with a desire to get rid of his wife.

The woman who was found wandering around near Melrose park to-day and who it was claimed by the defence was Mrs. Luetgert, was to-night identified as Mrs. Caroline Johnson, of 158 North avenue, in this city. She is demented, and will be sent to an asylum.

## MARYLAND REPUBLICANS.

Senator Wellington Resigned Chairmanship of the State Committee.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, September 14.—United States Senator Geo. L. Wellington to-day resigned the chairmanship of the Republican State Central Committee, thus relinquishing the leadership of the party in this State, which he has held for the past three years. This action was taken at a meeting of the committee and is the direct result of the Senator's defeat at the recent convention in Ocean City. In resigning the chairmanship Senator Wellington delivered a bitter speech in which he is alleged to have asserted that the Republicans are doomed to certain defeat in the coming campaign in Maryland.

## MORE YELLOW FEVER.

SITUATION AT NEW ORLEANS REGARDED AS VERY SERIOUS.

Many People Leaving the City—Appearance of the Disease at Pascagoula—New Cases at Biloxi, Mobile and Other Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, September 14.—At nightfall the books of the Board of Health showed the following recapitulation of the day's developments in the yellow fever situation:

There had been reported to the board for investigation 26 cases, which the attending physicians considered suspicious. Of these fifteen cases had been found suffering with a harmless fever; five cases were regarded as suspicious, but necessary to be further investigated before a definite report could be made on them; there were no reports as to four cases, and four cases had been pronounced genuine yellow fever, though one of the latter was classed as of mild type. The most serious of the four yellow fever cases is located in the neighborhood of the French market. The locality is far from a cleanly one; it is populated by a poorer class of people, many of whom are foreigners and might be considered dangerous ground. For that reason especial pains were taken by the board of health to quarantine the infected houses. Officers from the police force were detailed to take charge of the neighborhood; a restaurant, a bakery and a shop next door to the premises in which the sickness was found were closed up and a large quantity of disinfectant was sent to the scene to be used. Of course, the report of new cases daily is creating alarm in some quarters, but thus far the disease has shown but little malignancy, there being but one death out of fourteen cases.

The same rigid attention is being given to the suspicious cases as obtains in the treatment of those which are declared to be yellow fever. Guards are stationed about the premises, the streets are kept clear, pedestrians are warned, and liberal use is made of disinfectants, for the authorities have come to realize that the situation, while not alarming, is certainly serious and that only watchfulness and vigilance will master the scourge.

One of the features developed during the day is that people of maturer age have been attacked. Heretofore, the disease has been confined principally to children of tender age and boys and girls not yet grown to manhood and womanhood. Two of the late cases show that old people have been stricken.

A conference was held this afternoon at the St. Charles Hotel. Members of the Board of Health, representatives of the Parish Medical Society and city officials, including Mayor Flower, were present. The situation was discussed in all its phases for two hours behind closed doors and a resolve was made to spare neither effort nor money in controlling the disease.

Under instructions from superintendent of the Railway Mail Service the postoffice authorities to-day fumigated all out-going mail, in order that letters and packages be not sent back by the authorities of quarantining cities and towns. Complaints have been reaching here from many points of delays in getting mail, but it is thought this system of fumigation will in the future remove all sources of complaint of this nature.

The Louisville & Nashville Railroad ran a train to-day to Atlanta, giving people on the coast an opportunity to go to the Gate City. The train took about twenty ladies and gentlemen from Biloxi, and a number have left New Orleans for that point. The railroad company, however, refuses to allow passengers to take baggage of such a nature as to be a good abiding place for germs.

This afternoon a new case of fever was reported at Barclay. Out of a population of 95 only three persons in Barclay have not had the sickness, and the percentage of deaths has been what is usual in yellow fever epidemics. There were several new cases reported to-day at Ocean Springs, and of the number reported ill at Biloxi 15 were reported as suffering from yellow fever. At Ocean Springs, Dr. Wasdin, of the Marine Hospital staff, is receiving the best of attention, and it is hoped that he will pull through in a few days.

Surgeons Carter and Dunn left Ocean Springs for Pascagoula to day. A case of yellow fever exists at that point.

A number of immunes at Ocean Springs are to be sent to Cincinnati in a special car. Surgeon White has been at the detention camp for the past two days superintending its construction. As soon as it is ready a large number of people will be taken from Biloxi and Ocean Springs.

MOBILE, ALA., September 14.—Another case of yellow fever was officially announced this afternoon by Drs. Ketchum and Guiteras, as existing in Mobile. The patient is a motorman. His sickness has not been traced to any other point.

## BATTLESHIP TEXAS

Ordered from Hampton Roads to New York Navy Yard to be Docked.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 14.—The battleship Texas has been ordered to sail from Hampton Roads for the New York navy yard to be docked on the 25th inst.

Acting Secretary Roosevelt has ordered that on the way North the big twelve-inch rifles in both turrets be fired across the deck of the ship. This never has been done and Mr. Roosevelt regards it as expedient to settle at once all doubt that may exist as to the ability of the ship to resist this severe strain, which is one that may be imposed in battle. The Texas' turrets are arranged diagonally, with the purpose of enabling all of the guns to be fired either fore and aft or across the deck. The fore and aft fire has been tried in a measure, but the fear of starting the decks has caused the delay in testing the cross-fire. Mr. Roosevelt will not be at all disappointed if this test develops some weakness, but it is desirable that this be ascertained positively, in order that steps may be taken to correct the fault if one there be.

## CHARLESTON QUARANTINE.

Will Be Strictly Maintained Against New Orleans, Mobile and Other Fever Infected Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, September 14.—The Board of Health of Charleston to-day established strict quarantine regulations against New Orleans, Mobile and the other fever infected cities and districts. City officials have been placed at Branchville and Yemassee and passengers, household goods and other classes of freight from those places will not be allowed to come into the city in the future. The quarantine will be strictly maintained.

Prof. Andrews has withdrawn his resignation as President of Brown University. Last night the students were celebrating the event and the University will re-open to-day with renewed activity and vigor


HUMORS IN THE BLOOD, boils, pimples, scrofula sores, are promptly eradicated by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the One True Blood Purifier, nerve tonic and health invigorator.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy to operate. Cure indigestion, biliousness. 25c.


## SITUATION UNCHANGED.

COAL OPERATORS REFUSE TO COMPROMISE WITH THE STRIKERS.

Miners Impressed with the Display of Military Power—Large Gathering at the Funeral of One of the Victims But No Demonstrat on Was Made.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PITTSBURG, PA., September 14.—The strike still remains unsettled, the companies refusing still the compromise agreed upon by the men. The companies' answer was that the men are not and never have been obliged to buy exclusively at the company stores; second, that the advance would not be granted because the company was paying the average rate of the region; third, the company refused without assigning any reason to discharge any one who participated in the shooting; fourth, that men suspended on idle days have the privilege of taking somebody else's place, thus making good the difference in rate between rock and coal work; and fifth, that no man shall be discharged for acting on the grievance committee.

Superintendent Blake made a short speech to the men, urging them to return to work and arguing that they could gain nothing by remaining idle. "What do you say?" he asked. "Will you come back?"

There was a moment's buzz and then a chorus of "no" went up. The superintendent tried no further persuasion, and the men dispersed.

The mountain journey of the cavalry to Eckley, although agreeably disappointed of its purpose, had a salutary effect—in that it deeply impressed the miners with the extent of the military power.

There were no additional deaths today. Four or five men who have been hovering between life and death ever since the shooting were unchanged, but all the others were doing well.

The funeral of Jacob Tomashostas, the lad who was shot through the head and lingered until Sunday, occurred today in McAddoo. It was attended by one of the largest gatherings seen since the outbreak of the trouble. There was no demonstration and the services passed off quietly. After the funeral, the men gathered in groups throughout the town and discussed the situation, and soon afterwards dispersed to their homes.

Guards are still being placed around the houses of several of the mine superintendents, and during the day the sheriff's deputies were seen about the streets guarded by soldiers.

At a late hour to night everything is quiet about headquarters.

PITTSBURG, September 14.—The Darr mine, on the Youghiogheny river, operated by Osborne & Seager, of Cleveland, Ohio, was the scene of a riot to-day which will probably result in the death of at least one man. The machine miners started to work on Monday, and to-day a mob of diggers who were opposed to the men working, gathered at the pit to give the workers a hot reception when they came out of the mine. As the miners began coming out they were stoned back into the pit, and several shots were fired into the pit mouth after the retreating men. One man, whose name cannot be learned, more daring than the rest, ventured into the open, and was stoned unmercifully. He will probably die from the effects of the abuse.

## THE TEXAS STORM.

Damage Was Heavy, But the First Reports Were Greatly Exaggerated.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

GALVESTON, TEX., September 14.—Reports received to day from points in the storm belt show that the reports that reached here first were greatly exaggerated.

At Sabine Pass the following are reported as drowned: Captain Green B Moore, Captain L. L. Bettis, Captain George Wolford and Engineer William Ratcliff. These men were all on vessels which were sunk.

Port Arthur suffered the brunt of the blast, and half of the town is estimated to have been destroyed or badly injured.

There was no loss of life in either old or new Sabine proper.

The tugs Fannine, Gaillote and John P. Smith were sunk, and the Norwegian steamship Ceres, 800 tons, was torn from her moorings at the wharf and blown five miles north before she grounded in a few feet of water. When she parted her lines, the captain and crew escaped.

Two men who took refuge in a freight car, had their legs broken by it being blown over. Others in the car were slightly injured. These were the only two accidents.

At the new town several residences were blown from their foundations and all hastily constructed buildings were demolished. No one in the town was seriously injured, the casualties being confined to the shipping.

Eight miles of the Texas and Sabine railroad, north of Sabine Pass, is washed away.

Twenty-five hundred feet of the export pier at Port Arthur is destroyed and the people of that town are so terror-stricken that they are leaving it as fast as they can. No estimate of the damage to property at Port Arthur and Sabine Pass has been obtained. The damage in the country to buildings and crops is severe. The losses to the farmers in Jefferson county alone will approximate $150 000.

## OHIO COAL MINES.

The Wheeling Division Will Start to Work To-day—Many Others Will Soon Resume.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PITTSBURG, PA., September 14.—A large number of mines in this district started to-day and a still larger number will be in working order in the morning. At least 5,000 of the rail miners will be at work by Wednesday evening and quite a number of river diggers will also resume.

President Pat Dolan to-day met the men of the Wheeling division at Finleyville. He made a speech to 1,500 of them at the Hacket mine. He did not commit himself to the men as he had done to the operators as to the ten-day clause, but as a result they unanimously agreed to start work to-morrow.

The Pittsburg and Chicago Gas Coal Co., which owns the mines at Gastonville, Saowden and the First Pool, has had men at work below the rate. They have been told that they will now get the same rate as paid in the other mines of the same division and will also start work at once. This makes uniformity all along the Wheeling division. Everything is in an uproar there. The operators are wiring for cars and they want men—all the men they can get at sixty-five cents. J. E. Boyle, of the Hacket mine, says his mine will be worked full in the morning. The Keeling Coal Company's mine at Lick's Run was working yesterday and six cars of coal were gotten out.

Little has been done in the Pan Handle district in coal mining. The miners are waiting until after the convention to be held to-morrow. Although the majority seem to be in favor of not countenancing the ten-day clause of the Columbus convention, all are not. There is likely to be a lively fight over the breaking of the ten day clause when the matter comes up before the convention.

The fourth story of the brew-house of the Germania Brewery, of Charleston, S. C., was destroyed by fire yesterday. The brewery will continue at work as usual. The property was fully insured.

## AT THE STATE CAPITAL.

A Fake Story About a Convict—Payment of Interest on N. C. Railroad Construction Bonds—State Board of Pharmacy.

[Special Star Correspondence.]

RALEIGH, N. C., September 14.

The story brought from the southern part of the county to the effect that Berry Cook, who at the last term of Wake Court was found guilty and sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment in the penitentiary for the murder of Rose Morgan, was innocent of the crime and that others had confessed it, is a put-up job to get Berry out of the pen. That Berry Cook was rightfully convicted there is no doubt.

Patrick Murphy, a mechanic in the employ of the Seaboard shops here, was overcome with heat yesterday. His condition is critical.

The State Board of Pharmacy meets here to-day to examine applicants for license.

The State treasurer gave a check this morning on a New York Exchange for $82 400, the amount of interest on the construction bonds of the North Carolina Railway.

Frohman's "Sowing the Wind" company did not give a performance at Metropolitan Hall last night. Manager Meares guaranteed the company $300. There was only a $40 sale when the time came for the curtain to go up. Mr. Howard, of the company, then demanded the amount of the guarantee. It was not forthcoming and he made an announcement from the stage of the failure of the house to comply with the terms of the contract.

There is a convict working in the Capitol grounds who was the last of the Henry Berry Lowery gang captured by officers. He is now an old man, having served twenty-four years in the prison.

## SNOW STORM OFF HATTERAS.

[Philadelphia Times 13th inst.]

While the people in this city were suffering last Thursday from the extreme heat the crew of the steamer Etheired, which reached this port last evening, were almost frozen by cold weather. The Etheired pounded her way successfully along the coast from Jamaica without any great change in the climatic conditions until off Cape Hatteras, then the vessel was struck by a cold "wave," which almost froze the crew, and compelled each one of them who was on duty to don mits and heavy top coats.

The mercury in the thermometer dropped fifty-nine degrees in three hours. When the winds had subsided considerably, the coldest kind of sleet fell until the deck of the vessel was dangerous to tread upon. The sleet was followed by a fierce snow storm, which continued for fifteen minutes.

## WARM WIRELETS

Atlanta is the only Southern city which has not closed doors against New Orleans and the fever-stricken district. It is expected that thousands will flock there should a general exodus occur at New Orleans.

Fourth class postmasters were appointed yesterday as follows for North Carolina: H. D Backer, Alexander; J. C. Lagrand, Briar Creek; W. C. Wentz, Chronicle; C. A. Setzer, Edith; M. E. Carroll, Neatman; J. P. Brantley, Perth; G A Danieley, Shallow Ford.

As Savannah, Ga., Montgomery, Ala., Birmingham Ala; Selma, Ala., Meridian, Miss. and points south thereof are enforcing rigid quarantine regulations, intending travelers for that section will have to be governed by the same, and provide themselves with health certificates as required by local regulations.

### A Poor Shot.

"No, I don't charge it to living in a flat," admitted Flummy slowly to the friends with whom he was enjoying an evening just a bit convivial. "I guess I'm more to blame than any one else.

"There's a man rooming just over me that blows a piccolo. If he had any regular hours for turning the piercing music loose, I might adjust myself to the situation. But he hasn't. He'll play at sunrise and at varying intervals he'll play till the next sunrise. No matter what hour of the night an inspiration, or an imp, seizes him, he'll jump out of bed and cut loose. He has a pet cat that has his disposition. It doesn't play the piccolo, but it is the busiest nocturnal yawper you ever heard.

"The other night he waked me by blowing to beat a brass band, and at the same time his cat was on the floor of my flat giving a concert. Here was my chance for sweet revenge, for he thinks as much of that cat as of himself. I seized a small dumbbell, stole stealthily into the hall and let drive with all my might in the direction of the feline voice. There was a yell of pain, followed by a series of yells that proclaimed 'burglars, murder,' and the pressing need of 'help.'

"I shot for my room, but some one clicked the electric light just as I entered, and soon I was undergoing an investigation, with all the occupants of the flat asking questions. The man wounded in the shin by the dumbbell was a new tenant and a friend of the piccolo fiend. After a long and heated discussion I settled for $10. Meantime the cat had invaded my room and killed my pet canary.

"I don't claim that I was blameless, but I argued that some sleep is essential, and I moved."—Detroit Free Press.

### Home and Health.

Dr. J. Hobart Egbert of Holyoke, Mass., has the following to say on "Home Surroundings and Their Relations to Health" in The Dietetic and Hygienic Gazette:

The home is the primal factor of towns, cities, nations—in fact, of all places where the human family exists. It is the very birthplace of civilization, as the center of its perpetuation, and governs in large measure the moral, mental and physical condition of mankind. Its influence upon health is both certain and direct. The damp dwelling produces the rheumatic, the asthmatic and the consumptive, while the poorly lighted and poorly ventilated dwelling sends forth its scrofulous, anæmic, nearsighted and debilitated offspring. The natural surroundings and sanitary conditions of the home affect all the inmates from the infant in the cradle to the aged grandsire whose white locks and bended form seldom grace the home where the general surroundings are bad in a sanitary and hygienic sense. Too much stress cannot be put upon the necessity for healthful homes. Make the homes right and all edifices where men, women and children congregate will partake of healthful influence, for, when mankind shall fully comprehend the necessity for healthful homes and shall diligently seek to understand the conditions of their construction and maintenance, the proper sanitary arrangements of factories, schoolhouses, churches, halls, stores, counting houses, hotels and all public buildings will be appreciated and applied.

The surroundings are to the home what the sea and the wind are to the ship. They are essential factors in all its appointments and embrace the atmosphere, the scenery and all adjacent land and structures no less than the very site itself.

### His Charges.

"When you were in the war, did you ever take part in a charge?"

"Frequently."

"And what were your thoughts at the time?"

"That the beans would be all gone before I got there. The charges were invariably upon the cookhouse, you know."—Boston Transcript.


CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.


## BUSINESS LOCALS.

**NOTICE** For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Waste, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 50 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

**10 Cents** reward for my Hat, lost yesterday. See me for Chickens, Eggs and fine North Carolina Hams. L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street. sep 15 1t

**Oriental** Cream of Roses—Just the thing for Ladies who are now returning from the seashore with tanned or freckled faces and skin; removes freckles and tan and beautifies the complexion. Perfectly harmless. Address P. O. Box 488, Wilmington N. C. sep 12 tf

**Housekeepers**—In refitting for the coming year, use Albastine for your walls, and Welsbach Lights for each room. Chas. M. Whitlock. sep 12 tf

**Printer** Wanted—Must be experienced, sober and steady, who can take care of material and knows all about a Campbell power press. Eight dollars per week. No others need apply. Address with stamp to The Headlight, Goldsboro, N. C. sep 12 3t

**For Sale**—Twenty Houses and Lots cheap for cash. For particulars address Dr. M. H. Brown 504 W. Walnut, Louisville, Ky. sep 10 5t

**Two** or three young men can obtain good board in a desirable locality at reasonable rates. Address L., care of this office. sep 10 tf

**Wanted,** a Cook. Apply to Lock Box 54, Marion, S. C. sep 8 6t

**Wanted**—Consumers of Fruit, Confectionery and Country Produce to call at No. 118 North Second street and inspect my line before purchasing. A. S. Wiesteed. sep 6 tf

**A** full line of Carpets, Mattings and Rugs arriving by every steamer. Call and examine. J. J. Shepard, No. 18 Market street. sep 5 tf

**For Rent**—Store No. 113½ South Front street, formerly occupied as Milliner's store. Possession given October 1st. Terms reasonable. Apply to A. D. Wessell, No. 113 South Front street. sep 3 3t

**Ship** your Beef Cattle, Milch Cows, Sheep and all kinds Produce to M. C Benson, No. 5 South Water street, for best prices and prompt returns. au 8 tf

**Wanted**—High-grade man of good church standing to act as Local Manager and State Correspondent here, after having thoroughly learned our business; salary $900 if qualified. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope to A. T. Elder, General Manager, care DAILY STAR. au 4 tf

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**Money** to lend on approved city property. J. H. Gore, Jr., Lawyer, 10 m 8, Smith building, Princess street. au 17 1m

**Hay**—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 98. mar 13 tf

**Hayden, P. St.,** has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c81


E. VAN LAER,

Dealer in Superior

PIANOS AND ORGANS,

has just returned from New York and Philadelphia with a fine stock of carefully selected Instruments, which he offers at exceedingly low prices.

There is no mistake about these Pianos. The selection of Instruments by a competent person is now almost a necessity, as so many worthless Pianos are now on the market.

Call and see us before buying.

Telephones 213 and 142. (Inter-State.) sep 14 tf

Notice.

I have just arrived to day with twenty-five head of

Horses and Mules,

at my Stables on Water street. They consist of general purpose Horses and will be sold cheap and satisfaction guaranteed. I will continue to keep on hand a full supply the balance of the season. Don't fail to see my stock before you buy.

F. T MILLS

sep 10 tf

September Mullets.

125 Barrels September Mullets.
950 Bags Salt.
300 Kegs Nails.
100 Bundles W. P. Caps.
150 Ounces Quinine.
50 Tubs Broken Candy.
15 Barrels Candy.
50 Cases Horsford's Powder.
90 Cases Good Luck Powder.

W. B. COOPER,

sep 9 D&W tf Wilmington, N. C.

"THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD OR OUR SAVIOUR IN ART"

Cost over $100,000 to publish. Contains nearly 200 full-page engravings of our Saviour, by the great masters. Every picture is reproduced from some famous painting. Agents are taking from three to twenty orders per day. The book is so beautiful that when people see it they want it. "FIRST GLANCE AT THE PICTURES BROUGHT TEARS TO MY EYES," says one. "Cleared $150 first week's work with the book," says another. "Some high grade man or woman of good church standing should secure the agency here at once," says every editor, "as $500 can soon be made taking orders for it." Also a man or woman of good social position can secure position of Manager of this territory, to devote all their time to employing and drilling agents and corresponding with them. Address for full particulars A. P. T. ELDER, Publisher 275 Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill. au 6 tf


## Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

ON AND AFTER SEPT. 2ND TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 6.30 a. m., 10.10 a. m. 2.30 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 7.10 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 3.45 p. m., 6.00 p. m., 10.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 10.10 a. m., and 3.30 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 11.30 a. m., and 6.00 p. m.
sep 2 tf

## Office of the Secretary and Treasurer of the Carolina Central R. R. Co.

PORTSMOUTH, VA., Sept. 7th, 1897.

The regular annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Carolina Central Railroad Company will be held in the Front street office of the Company, in the city of Wilmington, N. C., on Thursday, the 7th day of October A. D., 1897, at 12 o'clock m.

sep 7 tf JOHN H. SHARP, Secretary.


For Rent.

THE WHARF FOOT OF CHESTnut street, 66 feet on river and running back to Water street; at present occupied by the Cape Fear River Transportation Co. Apply to

D. O CONNOR,
Real Estate Agent.

sep 14 tf

Prempert's Barber Shop,

NO. 11 SOUTH FRONT STREET, FIRST-class Work at Reasonable Prices. Give us a call.

Respectfully,

ja 30 tf ARTHUR PREMPERT


## ROOF PAINTING.

OWNERS OF BUILDINGS IN AND AROUND Wilmington will find it to their interest to see W. C. Mitchell about their leaking roofs before it is too late to remedy same. While you sleep rust is playing havoc with your

Tin and Iron Roofs.

The ordinary paints that are used for such work crack from the heat and peel off, hence, the water finds its way to the tin and soon makes your roof a sieve, from which your tenants complain. I am here in the interest of such roofs with a

Combination Roof Paint

that stops all leaks and makes your roof fire and water proof. This Paint is a combination that expands to heat and shrinks as it cools. It will not crack, scale or peel off, and is durable from eight to ten years without extra costing, and for

Less Money Per Square

than any other Paint known to the painting fraternity. My son, who understands the work, has twenty years' experience at the business that he learned from his Old Dad, who served five years under an Englishman to learn the Art of Painting.

All orders addressed to me through the postoffice, or at the Marlborough House, or at the Hardware store of Owen F. Love & Co., will receive prompt attention. I will be here six or eight weeks. Any patronage will be appreciated. I can give reliable references from parties for whom I have worked.

Respectfully,

W. C. MITCHELL,

sep 1 tf Wilmington, N. C.

WE KEEP BUSY, HARD AT WORK HANDLING SHOES. But we will take time to place you on our extensive list of customers and supply you with tickets that you also may try to get the HANDSOME WATCH which will be given to some person on October 1st, 1897. If you begin at once you may yet outstrip some who began earlier. It costs you nothing to try. Begin now, let the system and be ready for the next contest. Watch our window. We will try and make it interesting for our kind patrons. See us or you may regret it.

MERCER & EVANS,

Successors of H. C. Evans.

sep 5 tf 115 Princess street.


## SUMMER RESORTS.


Hotel Townsend,

RED SPRINGS, N. C.

GREAT REDUCTION IN RATES FOR three months from August 15th; $7.00 per week or $25 00 by the month.

The wonderful waters from the Springs are unsurpassed for kidney and stomach troubles.

Hunting reserve has been secured for over 10 000 acres of fine hunting lands near here. For further information address L. A. LYON, Prop'r

or H. E. THOMPSON, M'g'r, Red Springs, N. C.

au 19 D1m W2w


## SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.


EPISCOPAL HIGH SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

NEAR ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA.

The 59th Year Opens Sept. 22, 1897.

Illustrated catalogue sent on application.

L. M. BLACKFORD, M. A., Principal.

jy 21 2m we 2m

Edgeworth Boarding and Day School For Girls. Re-opens September 23, 1897. 35th year. Mrs. H. P. LEFEBVRE, Principal. Miss E. D. HUNT-LEY, Associate Principal. 128 and 124 W. Franklin Street, Baltimore, Md. jy 24 2m su we

NOTRE DAME OF MARYLAND,

Charles Street Ave., Baltimore, Md.

College for Young Women and Preparatory School for Girls. Regular and Elective Courses. Extensive Grounds. Location Unsurpassed, Suburb of Baltimore. Spacious Buildings completely Equipped. jy 24 2m su we ss

Cape Fear Academy

BEGINS WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15. A home School preparing for Business or College.

Young pupils carefully taught. Its students have taken high positions in College, Business and Competitive examinations. New buildings and thorough equipment. W. CATLETT, Principal, sep 3 2w 120 North Fifth street.

PEACE Institute FOR YOUNG LADIES, RALEIGH, N. C.

Excellent buildings and beautiful grounds in a Healthful Location with splendid climate.

STANDS AT THE VERY FRONT IN FEMALE EDUCATION.

Thorough in its Courses. High in its Standard. Unsurpassed in its high moral tone and in its intellectual and social influences.

Twenty-one officers and teachers. Very reasonable prices. Send for catalogue. ja 30 tf

Liverpool and American SALT.

Any weight sacks, coarse or fine, fresh packing. A large stock

Bagging and Ties,

which we offer at lowest market prices.

Groceries

in quantities sufficient to fill orders promptly. Correspondence solicited.

Hall & Pearsall,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

au 10 D&W tf

For Lightness, Swiftness and Strength it is Unsurpassed.

You can learn all about it by addressing

Hamilton Kenwood Cycle Co.

265-305-307 S. Canal St., Chicago.

sep 11 tf

AN EARLY FALL.

We expect an early Fall. Our DRESS GOODS for Fall and Winter have arrived and are decidedly the prettiest Patterns we have ever shown. Everything is new, in style and fabric. England and France divide honors this season, and the modesty of one mingles with the gayety of the other.

NEW WEAVES FOR FALL OF 1897.

These goods are now in stock and we urge our customers to call and select patterns before they are "PICKED OVER."

DRAP D' ETE, a beautiful fabric with the soft twill of the Henrietta on one side and the appearance of Ladies' Cloth on the other.

E'PINGLES.—The heavy twill-characteristic of the old Irish Poplins is noticeable in this fabric, and there is one thing sure, nothing wears better.

"EUDORA" Silk Warp. You must call for this weave and examine in order to appreciate it

VENETIAN CLOTH—Like Venice, is beautiful, and the price is moderate and within the reach of all.

PAGUIN' SERGE—Another new weave, different from anything you have seen. It's an innovation bound to awaken the admiration and bring forth exclamations of delight from womankind.

Bayadere Effects, Broadcloths, Novelty Checks and Plaids in all colors.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

No. 29 North Front St.

au 29 tf

Moving, Moving

On October 1st we will move to Southeast corner Second and Market streets, previously occupied by Sneed & Co.

To save handling and moving we will make reduced prices in everything in the Furniture line.

To all those who move and have a house cleaning on October 1st, this is an opportunity for you. We invite you to call and see us. Come early and avoid delay in getting your goods delivered promptly.

THE SNEED CO.,

116 Market Street,

sep 12 tf Wilmington, N. C.

A Bright New Stock

In a Bright New Store

Is inviting in itself, but to this we add our cordial invitation to visit us and inspect our goods in the following departments:

The Latest and Rarest in

Dress Goods and Linings.

Silks, and Satins, Corsets and Notions.

Gents' Furnishings, Embroideries and Laces,

Linens, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Visit our Carpet Department. No trouble to show goods.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS.

sep 12 tf No. 9 North Front street.

TRUE ECONOMY LEADS TO WEALTH.

Why pay $4 to $5 per cord for wood when for $4.50 you can get nearly twice the value of the wood in coal?

BANNER COAL

We claim is superior to all other Bituminous Coals for Domestic uses.

Points of Superiority

It is the lowest in percentage of ash.
Burns freely, but lasts well, keeping fire over night.
Is the most economical.

NO OFFENSIVE ORDERS. NO CLINKERS.

Try it and you will have no other.

We are prepared to furnish any quantity and to enter into contracts for year's supply.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephone 94. Inter-State Telephone 146.

au 26 tf


## Statement of The National Bank of Wilmington,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Condensed from Report to the Comptroller.

FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1897.

| ASSETS. | | LIABILITIES. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Loans and Discounts | $221,344 94 | Capital Stock | $100,000 00 |
| Bank Building | 22,000 00 | Surplus | 11,500 00 |
| Recempt on Fund with U. S. Treasurer | 2,250 00 | Undivided Profits | 1,015 69 |
| U. S. Bonds | 10,000 00 | Dividends Unpaid | 330 00 |
| Premium on U. S. Bonds | 5,437 50 | Circulation | 45,000 00 |
| Stocks, Securities, etc. | 4,900 00 | Deposits | 372,823 68 |
| Over Drafts | 88 14 | | |
| Due from Banks | 34,419 14 | | |
| Cash and Reserve | 198,597 15 | | |
| | $530,668 17 | | $530,668 17 |

No Interest Paid on Deposits. Loans Made at the Lowest Rates on Approved Security. Collections a Specialty, and Remitted for Promptly at Lowest Rates.

JOHN S. ARMSTRONG, PRESIDENT. F. R. HAWES, CASHIER.

jy 23 tf

Make Your Idle Money Work for You by Depositing it in

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company.

The next interest quarter will begin September 1st. Deposits made on or before that day begin to bear interest the 1st day of September at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

Every clerk and mechanic in Wilmington should have a nest egg in the Wilmington Savings & Trust Company. an 22 tf

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Makes liberal loans to customers desiring money with which to help move the cotton and tobacco crops, when good security is offered. Every accommodation consistent with security and reasonable profits accorded in all branches of banking.

Promptness and accuracy guaranteed. No interest paid on deposits.